THE COLUMBIAN,

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance—$2 24 if not paid in advance and $3.00 if payment be delayed beyond the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the state or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1878.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XII, NO. 11
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLII, NO. 49

Rates of Advertising.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00	$12.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	6.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	4.00	5.00	7.00	10.00	18.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	20.00
Quarter column	8.00	9.00	10.00	15.00	25.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	25.00	35.00	50.00
One column	30.00	35.00	50.00	80.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before insertion except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—J. K. Krickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—Dr. H. W. McReynolds.
Commissioners—John Herner, S. W. McHenry, Joseph Sands.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—M. V. B. Kline, J. D. Casey, E. B. Brown.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Ali Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—E. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—D. Lowenberg.
Clerk—W. Wirt.
Chief of Police—M. C. Woodward.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. Brower, President, C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. O. D. S. Marclay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. M. L. Smyser.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. G. D. Gurley.
Residence—Central Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion. Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but every body welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office,

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's store, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
jan. 11, 1878

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

SAMUEL KNORR.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
aug 24, '77-1y.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe

C. B. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. B. LITTLE.

E. H. & R. B. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. —26

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in A. J. EVAN'S NEW BUILDING,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Member of Commercial Law and Bank Collection Association. Oct. 14, '77-1f

WILLIAM BRYSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Centralia, Pa.
Feb 18, '76.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. ABBOTT. W. H. RHAWN.
ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Pensions obtained.
dec 21, '77-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 26—1y.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Atlas of Hartford	200,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,500,000
Commercial Union	17,000,000
	$178,968,000

March 26,'77—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of "
Pennsylvania of "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, '77-1y.

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

AUG. L. KAUB. JNO. E. FETMIER. CHAS. E. EDWARDS.
WM. R. HAGENBUCH,
WITH
Kaub, Frymier & Edwards,
(Successors to Benedict Dorsey & Sons, 923 Market street.
Importers and dealers in
CHINA, GLATS AND QUEENSWARE,
923 Market Street, Philadelphia.
Constantly on hand Original and Assorted Packages
June 29, '77-1y

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,
RICE, SPICES, RICARB SODA, &c., &c.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets,
☞ Orders will receive prompt attention. tf

Orangeville Academy.

REV. C. K. CANFIELD, A. M., Principal.

If you want to patronize a
FIRST CLASS SCHOOL,
WHERE BOARD AND TUITION ARE LOW, give us a trial.
Next term begins
MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1878
For information or catalogue apply to
THE PRINCIPAL,
July 27, '77-1y Orangeville, Pa.

HIGHEST AWARDS! Centennial Exhibition.

J. REYNOLDS & SON,
NORTHWEST CORNER
Thirteenth and Filbert Sts.
PHILADELPHIA,
MANUFACTURERS OF PATENTED
Wrought-Iron Air-Tight Heaters
With Shaking and Clinker-Grinding Grates for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal
CENTENNIAL
WROUGHT-IRON HEATERS.
FOR BITUMINOUS COAL,
Keystone
WROUGHT-IRON HEATERS,
Cooking Ranges, Low-down Grates, &c., &c.
Descriptive Circulars SENT FREE to any address.
EXAMINE BEFORE SELECTING.
April 27, '77-1y A & S

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,
PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.
Jan. 6, 1877-tf

$2500 A YEAR. Agents wanted. Business legitimate. Particulars free. Address J. WORTH & CO., St Louis, Mo.
aug 17, '77-1y H & O

DR. PIERCE'S STANDARD REMEDIES

Are not advertised as "cure alls," but are specifics in the diseases for which they are recommended.

NATURAL SELECTION.

Investigators of natural science have demonstrated beyond controversy, that throughout the animal kingdom the "the survival of the fittest" is the only law that vouchsafes thrift and perpetuity. Does not the same principle govern the commercial prosperity of man? An inferior cannot supersede a superior article. By reason of superior merit, Dr. Pierce's standard Medicines have outrivaled all others. Their sale in the United States alone exceeds one million dollars per annum, while the amount exported foots up to several hundred thousand more. No business could ever grow to such gigantic proportions and rest upon any other basis than that of merit.

DR. SAGE'S
Catarrh Remedy
Is Pleasant to Use.
DR. SAGE'S
Catarrh Remedy
Its Cures Extend Over a period of 20 Years.
DR. SAGE'S
Catarrh Remedy
Its Sale Constantly Increases.
DR. SAGE'S
Catarrh Remedy
Cures by its mild, Soothing effect
DR. SAGE'S
Catarrh Remedy
Cures "Cold in Head," and Catarrh, or Ozœna.

AN OPEN LETTER.
It Speaks for Itself.

ROCKPORT, Mass., April 2, 1877.

MR. EDITOR:—Having read in your paper reports of the remarkable cures of Catarrh, I am induced to tell "what I know about Catarrh," and I fancy the "snuff" and "inhaling-tube" bankers, (more dollar grabbers) would be glad if they could emblazon a similar cure in the papers. For 25 years I suffered with catarrh. The nasal passages became completely closed. "Snuff," "dusts," "inhalers," "inhaling-tubes" and "sticks," wouldn't work, though at intervals I would snuff up the so-called catarrh snuff, until I became a valuable tester for such medicines. I gradually grew worse, and no one can know how much I suffered or what a miserable being I was. My head ached over my eyes, I was confined to my bed for many successive days, suffering the most intense pain, which at one time lasted continuously for 168 hours. All sense of smell and taste gone, sight and hearing impaired, body shrunken and weakened, nervous system shattered, constitution broken, and I was hawking and spitting seven-eighths of the time. I prayed for death to relieve me of my suffering. A favorable notice in your paper of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy induced me to purchase a package, and use it with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, which applies the remedy by hydrostatic pressure, the only way compatible with common sense. Well, Mr. Editor it did not cure me three-fourths of a second, nor in one hour or month, but in less than eight minutes I was relieved, and in three months entirely cured, and have remained so for over sixteen months. While using the Catarrh Remedy, I used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify my blood and strengthen my stomach. I also kept my liver active and bowels regular by the use of his Pleasant Purgative Pellets. If my experience will indu e other sufferers to seek the same means of relief this letter will have answered its purpose.

Yours truly, L. D. REMICK.

A CLOUD OF WITNESSES.

The following named parties are among the thousands who have been cured of Catarrh by the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy:

A. F. Downs, New Geneva, Pa.; D. J. Brown, St. Joseph, Mo.; E. C. Lewis, Rutland, Vt.; Levi Springer, Nettle Lake, Ohio; Chas. Norcrop, North Chesterfield, Me.; Milton Jones, ——criba, N. Y.; J. E. Miller, Brider Station, Wyo.; J. C. Merriman, Logansport, Ind.; M. M. Post, Logansport, Ind.; J. W. Bailey, Tremont, Pa.; H. B. Ayres, LaPorte, Ind.; Jessie M. Sears, Ft. Branch, Ind.; L. Williams, Canton, Mo.; W. A. Thayer, Onarga, Ill.; S. B. Nichols, Jr., Galveston, Texas; Jonas F. Reinert, Stoneville, Pa.; S. W. Lusk, McFarland, Wis.; Johnson Williams, Helmick, Ohio; M. A. Currey, Trenton, Tenn.; J. G. Joslin, Keene, N. H.; A. J. Casper, Table Rock, W. Va.; S. Wise Anders, Gaysport, Ohio; C. H. Chase, Elkhart, Ind.; Mrs. Henry Haight, San Francisco, Cal.; Mrs. E. M. Gallusha, Lawrenceville, N. Y.; W. J. Graham Adel, Iowa; A. G. Smith, Newman, Ga.; Chas. Rice, Baltimore, Md.; Jesse M. Sears, Carlisle, Ind.; Dan'l. R. Miller, Ft. Wayne, Ind.; Mrs. Minnie Arnaine, 290 D'lancy street, New York; H. W. Hall, Hastings, Mich.; Wm. F. Marston, Lowell, Mass.; I. W. Roberts Maricopa, Ariz.; Chas. S. Delaney, Harrisburg, Pa.; M. C. Cole, Lowell, Mass.; Mrs. G. J. Spurlin, Camden, Ala.; Chas. F. Kaw, Fredericktown, Ohio; Mrs. Lucy Hunter, Farmington, Ill.; Capt. E. J. Spaulding, Camp Stambaugh Wyo.; I. W. Tracy, Steamboat Rock, Iowa; Mrs. L. Waite, Staunton, N. Y.; J. M. Peck, Junction City, Mont.; Henry Ebe, Santas, Cal.; L. P. Cummings, Hantoul, Ill.; S. E. Jones, Charleston Four corners, N. Y.; Geo. F. Hall, Pinole, Cal.; Wm. E. Durfee, Sterling, Ill.; H. H. Rhea, 948 Penn street, Pittsburg, Pa.; J. R. Hackmab, Samuel's Depot, Ky.; Henry Zobrist, Geneva, N. Y.; Miss Hattie Parrott, Montgomery, Ohio; Pat. Lenbrook, Chatham, Ill.; S. B. McCoy, Nashport, Ohio; W. W. Warner, North Jackson, Mich.; Miss Mary A. Winne, Darien, Wis.; John Ziegler, Carlisle, Pa.; James Tompkins, St. Cloud, Minn.; Enoch Hunt, Pawnee City, Neb.; Joseph T. Miller, Xenia, Ohio; S. B. Nichols, Galveston, Texas; H. L. Laird, Upper Alton, Ill.; John Davis, Prescott, Ariz.; Mrs. Nancy Graham, Forest Cove, Oreg.

Golden Medical Discovery
Is Alterative, or Blood-cleansing.
Golden Medical Discovery
Is Pectoral.
Golden Medical Discovery
Is a Chalagogue, or Liver Stimulant.
Golden Medical Discovery
Is Tonic.
Golden Medical Discovery

By reason of its Alterative properties, cures Diseases of the Blood and Skin, as Scrofula or King's Evil; Tumors; Ulcers or Old Sores; Boils, Pimples; and Eruptions. By virtue of its Pectoral properties, it cures Bronchial, Throat, and Lung Affections; Incipient Consumption; Lingering Coughs; and Chronic Laryngitis. Its Chalagogue properties render it an unequaled remedy for Biliousness; "Torpid Liver, or "Liver Complaint;" and its Tonic properties make it equally efficacious in curing Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, and Dyspepsia.

Where the skin is sallow, and covered with blotches, and pimples, or where there are scrofulous swellings and affections, a few bottles of Golden Medical Discovery will effect an entire cure. If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on the face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, foul taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, low spirits and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness." In many cases of Liver Complaint, only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect cures, leaving the liver strengthened and healthy.

THE PEOPLE'S
Medical Servant.

Dr. R. V. PIERCE is the sole proprietor and manufacturer of the foregoing remedies, all of which are sold by druggists. He is also the Author of the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work of nearly one thousand pages, with two hundred and eighty-two wood engravings and colored plates. He has already sold of this popular work

Over 100,000 Copies!

PRICE (post paid) $1.50.

Address:

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.,
World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N.Y.
feb. 15, '78-1f

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,
(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Bay and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited
Bloomsburg Oct. 1, 1875.

PATENTS.

P. A. Lehmann, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge made unless a patent is secured. Send for a circular.
ay 4, '77-1f L & W

"VEGETINE,"

Says a Boston physician, "has no equal as a blood purifier. Hearing of its many wonderful cures after all other remedies had failed, I visited the Laboratory, and convinced myself of its genuine merit. It is prepared from barks, roots, and herbs, each of which is highly effective, and they are compounded in such a manner as to produce astonishing results."

VEGETINE
Is the great Blood Purifier.
VEGETINE
Will cure the worst case of Scrofula.
VEGETINE
Is recommended by physicians and apothecaries.
VEGETINE
Has effected some marvellous cures in cases of Cancer.
VEGETINE
Cures the worst cases of Canker.
VEGETINE
Meets with wonderful success in Mercurial diseases.
VEGETINE
Will eradicate Salt Rheum from the system.
VEGETINE
Removes Pimples and Humors from the face.
VEGETINE
Cures Constipation and regulates the bowels.
VEGETINE
Is a valuable remedy for Headache.
VEGETINE
Will cure Dyspepsia.
VEGETINE
Restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
VEGETINE
Removes the cause of Dizziness.
VEGETINE
Relieves Faintness at the Stomach.
VEGETINE
Cures Pains in the Back.
VEGETINE
Effectually cures Kidney Complaint.
VEGETINE
Is effective in its cure of Female Weakness,
VEGETINE
Is the great remedy for General Debility.
VEGETINE
Is acknowledged by all classes of people to be the best and most reliable Blood Purifier in the world.
VEGETINE
Is Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston.
Vegetine is sold by all Druggists.
March

NOTICE
TO CONSUMERS
—OF—
LORILLARD TOBACCO
—1878—

The celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all Chewers against purchasing such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic label, render themselves liable to the penalty of the law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by fine and imprisonment. SEE ACT OF CONGRESS AUG. 14, 1876.

The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each plug with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.

Over 7,000 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3,000 persons employed in factories.

Taxes paid Gov'm't in 1877 about $3,500,000, and during the past 12 years, over $20,000,000.

These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturers rates.

The Tin Tag Smoking Tobacco is "second to none" in aroma, mildness, purity & quality.

march 8, 1878-3m R&co

The Great New Medicine!

A Health-Giving Power!
PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
INVIGORATES THE LIVER,
PROMOTES DIGESTION, and
STRENGTHENS THE NERVES,
Thus effectually curing disease of whatever name or nature. It is worthy of a trial. RELIEF guaranteed.

VIGORENE

Is AGREEABLE to the taste, GRATEFUL to the stomach, and acts efficiently as a CATHARTIC, ALTERATIVE and DIURETIC. Its action is not attended with any unpleasant feeling, neither is languor nor debility experienced, but on the contrary, refreshment and invigoration.

Its immediate effect upon the digestive organs, whether impaired by disease or exhausted from any cause, is to increase their powers of assimilation and nutrition, the appetite being increased at once. To those affected with an engorged condition of the liver, as Biliousness, characterized by a dull sensation, a coated tongue, a pasty, bad taste in the mouth, a capricious appetite and sluggish action of the bowels, with a sense of fullness in the head and of mental dullness, VIGORENE proves most valuable.

Its effect upon the kidneys is no less happy, a turbid, irritating urine is quickly cleared up by it.

Inflammatory and Chronic RHEUMATISM will soon disappear by a persistent use of VIGORENE.

For the cure of Skin Diseases and Eruptions of all kinds, VIGORENE is most certain.

VIGORENE is composed of the active properties of HERBS, ROOTS, GUMS and BARKS, that Nature alone furnishes, great care being taken by us that they are gathered at the right season of the year, and that they possess their native virtues.

That VIGORENE has the power to PURIFY THE BLOOD, INVIGORATE the LIVER, and STIMULATE the DIGESTIVE ORGANS, is indisputably proven by those who have given it a trial and have been permanently cured.

We do not ask you to try a dozen bottles to experience relief, for we GUARANTEE you will feel better from the first few doses.

VIGORENE is astonishing the world with its cures, and is throwing all other TONICS, ALTERATIVES and INVIGORANTS, into the shade. Put up in large bottles, double strength. Requires small doses, and is pleasant to take.

Price, $1.00 per Bottle.

WALKER & BADGER MFG. CO., Prop's.
33 John St., New York, and Jersey City, N. J.

"THE OBJECT OF EATING," a new book every one should read, sent free upon receipt of a one cent stamp.

For Sale at N. J. Hendershott's
DRUG STORE.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Jan. 18, '78.-4y.

HISTORY OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

MILITARY RECORD.

Drafted Militia—Nine Months Service.
178th *Regiment.*

J W Chamberlin, Major, promoted from private Company A, 35th Regiment, P V, November 21, 1862, mustered out with Regiment 27th July, 1863.

Isaac Pursel, Quartermaster, promoted from 1st Lieutenant, Company F, December 3, 1862, mustered out with Regiment 27 July 1863.

Williamson H Jacoby, Quarter Master Sergeant—mustered November 24, 1862, promoted from Company F, December 8, 1862-mustered out with Regiment 27 July, 1863.

William Fisher, Commissary Sergeant—mustered October 3, 1862, promoted from Sergeant Company A, December 8, 1862—mustered out with Regiment 27 July 1863.

William F Gruver, Hospital Stewart—mustered November 2, 1862, promoted from Corporal Company F, December 3, 1862—mustered out with Regiment 27 July 1863.

The Regiment was recruited in Columbia, Montour, Lancaster and Luzerne, companies "A," "H" and "I" were from Columbia co. and "F" and "G" mostly from Montour. The regiment was mustered into the service between October 30th and November 4th 1862 and was mustered out at Harrisburg July 27, 1863. The men not otherwise designated, were mustered out with the Company. The Regiment moved to Washington December 6, and reached Yorktown on the 29th. In April it had a skirmish near Williamsburg, and was on the advance picket line until the 23d of June. When the rebels moved into Pennsylvania, a demonstration towards Richmond was made by our troops, and the 178th under Gen. Keys moved towards Bottoms Bridge on the Chickahominy. It had a brisk skirmish on the 2d July. It held the picket line until the 6th, was then returned to Williamsburg and hurried to Washington to reinforce the army of the Potomac. But the defeat at Gettysburg relieved it, and it was sent to Harrisburg and mustered out.

COMPANY A.

John M Ruckalaw, Captain, mustered out with company 27 July 1862.
Martin V B Kline, 1st Lieutenant, discharged on surgeon's certificate January 22, 1863.
John J Karns, 1st Lieutenant, promoted from 2d Lieutenant May 15, 1863.
James S Muchler, 2d Lieutenant, promoted from Sergeant May 15, 1863.
Samuel Montgomery, 1st Sergeant.
Samuel F Pealer, 1st Sergeant, discharged March 19 1863.
G W Shortz, Sergeant.
Alfred I Creveling, Sergeant, promoted from Corporal July 1, 1863.
Zebulon S Stevens, Sergeant, promoted from Corporal July 1 1863.
John R Keeler, Sergeant, promoted from private July 1 1863.
William Fisher, Sergeant, promoted to Commissary Sergeant December 8, 1862.
Samuel Park, Corporal, absent at hospital at muster out.
A A P Unangst, Corporal.
Henry Wagner, Corporal.
Abraham B Browe, Corporal.
William Comstock, Corporal.
Eli Robbins, Corporal, absent in hospital at muster out.
John W Beishline, Musician.
William J Robbins, Musician.
Allegar John Y, Private, absent in hospital at muster out.
Beishline Levi, Private.
Bishline Michael Private.
Bender Elias P "
Bangs Hendrick W "
Boston Reuben, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Bitterly Redman, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Bellas Geo W. Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Buss Joshua, Private, died at Harrisburg December 6, 1862.
Cole Benjamin D, mustered out with company July 27, 1863.
Cole William Private.
Cole John "
Connor Oscar "
Dietrich John "
Lodson Chester S "
Eveland Wesley E "
Eveland Fred K "
Evans John W "
Faus Henry "
Fuller Joseph D "
Fritz Andrew J, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862,
Fuller John J, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate, November 22, 1862.
Getz John, mustered out with company July 27, 1863.
Getz Martin Private.
Hess Benjamin W "
Harp Joseph "
Hartman Jesse "
Hartman Geo W "
Hartman Minor "
Howard Charles "
Hoche Geo W "
Harrington Newton, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Heath George, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Kline Ira D, Private, mustered out with Company July 27, 1863.
Killinger Geo W Private
Kuff Jared "
Kindig Charles F "
Keeler Samuel M "
Krickbaum Philip, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Krickbaum William, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Kline Joseph S, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Laubach Daniel, mustered out with company 27 July 1863.
Lauderbach William, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Musselman Jacob, Private, absent, sick at muster out.
Montgomery Robert, Private, mustered out with company 27 July 1863.
Moore, Christian L, Private.
Markle Monro "
Masteller, Geo W, Private, deserted November 15, 1862.
McHenry Eli, Private, deserted December 30, 1862.
Gamond John, Private, mustered out with company 27 July 1863.
Park Orrin Private.
Palmer Severn B "
Patterson Daniel S "
Pennington James M "
Remley David E "
Remley George "
Roberts Wm W "
Rhone Wm P "
Runyon Joseph C, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Stonecker, Henry, Private, mustered out with company 27 July 1863.
Shultz Elias Private.
Shultz Wheeler "
Shultz Russel "
Shultz Peter B "
Stevens Ezra "
Santee William, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Shultz Cornelius, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Sutliffe Wesley W, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate January 24, 1863.
Smith Minor B, Private, deserted November 24, 1865.
Tubbs Nathan, Private, mustered out with company July 27 1863,
Thomas Joseph, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862.
Unangst W H, Private, mustered out with company 27 July 27 1863.
Wolf Paul Private.
Woods Wm McG "
Wright Moses "
Weaver Augustus W, Private, discharged on surgeon's certificate November 22, 1862
Young William, Private, mustered out with company, July 27 1863.
Yaple Daniel, Private.
Youg Ellis, Private, deserted November 24, 1862.
Yaple Thomas, Private, deserted November 5, 1862.
Yaple Jeremiah, Private, died at Fortress Monroe December 30, 1862.

What Our Boys Are Reading.

Professor Sumner of Yale has been examining the flash story papers so widely read by boys, and in *Scribner* for March gives some earnest words of warning to parents, accompanied by specimens of the types described in the stories. Here is one:

"Another type of hero very common in these stories is the city youth, son of a rich father, who does not give his son as much pocket money as the latter considers suitable. This constitutes stinginess on the father's part, although it might be considered pardonable, seeing that these young men drink champagne every day, treat the crowd generally when they drink, and play billiards for $100 a game. The father, in this class of stories, is represented as secretly vicious and hypocritically pious. In the specimen of this class before us the young man is "discovered" in the Police Court as a prisoner, whence he is remanded to the Tombs. He has been arrested for collaring a big policeman, to prevent him from overtaking a girl charged with pocket-picking. He interfered because he judged from the girl's face that she was innocent, and it is suggested for future development in the story, that she was running away from insult, and that the cry of "stop thief" was to get help from the police and others to seize her. The hero, who was the son of a man worth five millions, and who is in prison under an assumed name, now sends for his father's clerk and demands $1,000, saying that otherwise he will declare his real name and thus disgrace his family. He gets the money. He then sends for a notorious Tombs lawyer, to whom he gives $500. With this sum his release is easily procured. He then starts with his cousin to initiate the latter into the life in New York. They go to a thieves' college where they see a young fellow graduated. His part consists in taking things from the pockets of a hanging figure, the garments of which bells are attached, without causing the bells to ring. Of this a full page illustration is given. The two young men then go up to the Bowery to a beer saloon where the hero sustains his character by his vulgar familiarity with the girl waiters. Next, they hear a row in a side street. They find a crowd collected, watching a woman who hangs from a third-story window, while her husband cuts and beats her hands to make her fall. The hero solves this situation by drawing his revolver and shooting the man. As he and his companion withdraw unobserved, the former wards off the compliments of the latter by saying modestly that he could not bear to stand there and see such a crowd looking on, and not knowing what to do, so he just did the proper thing. Next day the hero, meeting the thieves' college graduate in the corridor of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, agrees to receive and hold for him any booty he may seize in the bar-room which he does. At night he and his friend go to a disreputable masked ball, where the hero recognizes his father in disguise amongst the dancers. Securing a place in the same set, during a pause in the dance he snatches the mask from his own face and his father's at the same moment. This edifying incident is enforced by a full page illustration. A friend suggests the question, What demon of truthfulness makes the artist put such brutal and vulgar faces on the men? In this class of stories, fathers and sons are represented as natural enemies, and the true position for the son is that of suspicion and armed peace.

A Vermonter on Mr. Evarts.

At the great meeting held in Cooper Institute in October last, to sustain the administration of President Hayes, at which it had been announced that Mr. Evarts would be present, a gentleman from Vermont, who had never seen the Secretary of State, but had a desire to do so, said to the person seated next to him, "Is Mr. E-varts on the platform?"

"No; he has not yet arrived."

"He's expected?"

"Oh yes; he'll be along presently."

"I've never seen Mr. E-varts, though I've heard a good deal of him. He's got a farm up to Windsor, in our State."

"Well, when he comes in I'll tell you. The boys generally give him a cheer when he comes on the stage. Ah, there he comes!"

"Is *that* him?"

"Yes."

"William M. E-varts?"

"Certainly."

"Well, I declare!" ex

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, March. 15, 1878.

A FEW WORDS TO VOTERS.

The season is rapidly approaching when the county will be literally swarmed with candidates seeking the favor of the people, in order to secure votes in the Democatic nominating convention which usually meets in August. There is never any difficulty in finding men, so far as numbers are concerned, to fill all offices of honor or trust, to which a salary is attached. There are always plenty who are willing to *sacrifice* themselves for their country's good, but it is not the volunteers themselves who shall say that they must hold office; it is the people who select the public servants. This is a great and sacred privilege and ought not to be abused as it too frequently is. Every man in America is a king, and yet there are too many such kings who are abject slaves, who know only to do the will of their master. If that master be a tricky politician his slaves stand ready at all times to do the dirty work that he himself is ashamed to stoop to.

It is a disgraceful fact that many men are placed in office by the votes of the people, who are totally unfit and incompetent to hold such positions. There are cries of corruption, bribery and fraud from all over the nation, and yet the very people who raise the cry are the ones to blame for this situation of affairs. Men may cry "reform," but there is no reform until the people shall learn to exercise the rights of freemen as freemen.

Voters should be thinking men. They should vote as they think right, and not as some one else tells them, for then they become mere machines, tools for the politicians. They should not vote for a man for any particular office because he asked first for their support, but should wait until all the candidates are in the field, and then select the *best* man in the crowd.

Nor should voters be influenced simply by personal friendship. A man may be my dearest friend, and yet not be fit for a public office. Voters should demand certain requisites of candidates for important offices. The candidate should be a man of good character, he should be a good business man, he should possess ability, integrity, and above all, honesty. He should not be a candidate for the purpose of enriching himself or for any selfish purpose, but because the people call him to public life.

The voter ought to vote for the man who will make the best officer, but the fixed rule is now that the the voter casts his ballot for the one from whom he expects to obtain the most benefit; competency is left out of the question.

Democrats of Columbia county, you have a heavy responsibility resting on you this year. You are to select from among nearly two score the men who shall govern your affairs for a few years to come. We urge you to vote for no man for public office who is not competent to fill it. Vote for no man who will not do you credit. Make your selections carefully, and when you have made up your mind, vote right. With you the whole matter rests. If you elect men as county officers who are unfitted for their work you are the losers. Exercise the rights of freemen and put in nomination for the several county offices the *best* men who have offered themselves, and your duty will be done.

Serious Popular Error.

It is surprising to find that so important and respectable an official as the Warden of the Montgomery county jail at Norristown could be influenced by the vulgar error that a prisoner found hanging by the neck in his cell, and supposed to be dead, but who might have been yet alive—could not be cut down until the Coroner arrived. That is the statement in the report of the Wahlen suicide, and the statement is the Warden's own version of what took place. When Whalen was found hanging, the Warden was about to cut him down, but one of the under-keepers called out that it was against the law to do so, in the absence of the Coroner, and so the Warden left the body hanging. Possibly Wahlen was already dead, but if he was not this giving way to a very common but very stupid error, prevented any attempt to restore him, and so enabled him to carry out his purpose of taking his own life, to escape execution under sentence of the law.

Old world notions and errors are long-lived in this new country, as this instance proves. There is nothing as matter of law that requires the body of a dead person found under such circumstances to be left in the condition in which it is found until the Coroner arrives. It is generally recommended to do so, as a prudential consideration, in order that surrounding conditions and circumstances may not be unnecessarily disturbed, which would, in many cases, obliterate indications bearing upon the time, place cause or manner of death. But where there is reason to suppose that life is not wholly extinct, every possible means should be used promptly to revive it. There is no law either in law or humanity, why a body found suspended should not be immediately taken down for the purpose of restoring animation, if there is the slightest ground to believe that life is not wholly extinct; and if the body is manifestly dead, there is no law requiring that it should be allowed to remain in that condition until the Coroner arrives, for the cause of death in such a case is obvious. The popular error above referred to has not infrequently led to a refusal or reluctance to apply restorative, medical help or other assistance, when it should have been done instantly and on the spot.

We copy the above not only for the excellent sense contained in it, but because many of our citizens labor under the same error. Especially was it so in the Van Liew murder, where the body laid for hours in the highway.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Legislative Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, March 12, 1878.

The two most important measures of the session have stood in *statu quo* for the past two weeks. These are the Philadelphia Recorder's bill and the bill creating a State Banking Department. After a safe but stormy passage through the House the Recorder's bill seems destined, or at least threatens, to ground upon a reef in the Senate. The Philadelphia Councils stand in its way. By a resolution almost unanimously adopted by the select and common councils of Philadelphia the legislature is urged not to pass this bill. A preamble to this resolution recites that this bill is a measure originated evidently for the benefit of the person who may be appointed under its provisions, and such other persons as may enrich themselves from the patronage which this bill will confer, and that the measure is distasteful to the people of Philadelphia in every way, and for which they have not petitioned and do not want for reason of the obnoxious power it bestows, and that the public press of Philadelphia have echoed the voice of the people in denouncing the wholesale outrage that the act will inflict upon a deserving class of people, merchant dealers and shop keepers, by imposing on them inconveniences and unwarranted taxes in the shape of fees.

What effect this resolution, which was read before the Senate, will have upon the final fate of the bill is uncertain, but that it will injure it to some extent there is but little doubt.

The Bank bill has been knocked and cuffed around like an ill-conditioned cur, and it is becoming very manifest that if it does not soon betake itself to the house with the little vitality which still clings to it, it will stand a very fair show of being starved to death. It has been standing upon the senate calendar of bills on final passage for a month or more and each time that it comes to the surface of legislation it is struck with an amendment, and like a swimming apple bobs out of sight for the time being only to reappear again in readiness for another attack.

A bill of general interest now pending in the house is the one prohibiting shows and exhibitions on Sunday in all cases where a fee is charged for admission. This measure was originally started for the purpose of preventing the Zoological Gardens in Philadelphia from opening on Sunday, but its introduction into the house was followed by petitions from every hand asking its passage. It has already met with one defeat, but the vote by which it was defeated has been reconsidered and it stands ready for another brush with the Philadelphia "boys" who are opposing its passage.

The Pittsburg riot commission has been holding spasmodic sessions lately, trying to draw out something more of those "state secrets" from the state civil and military authorities—Governor Hartranft, his private secretary C. N. Farr, Adjutant General Latta, Attorney General Lear, Senator Herr, Major Muma, Mayor Patterson and Sheriff Jennings have all been before the committee but nothing new has been elicited from any one of them.

The "nine days task, the senate investigation of the accounting departments for alleged irregularities in the collection of state tax from the Union R. R. and Trans. Co. has quieted down for the present owing to the adjournment of the committee. Mr. Bayard, corporation clerk in the Auditor General's department, and one of the parties principally interested, has given his testimony, as also has Major John McMurray, warrant clerk in the same department and the person who first made disclosures upon which the alleged irregularities are based. Some very nasty facts, mostly of a personal character, have been given in evidence, but no direct issue has yet been joined. There is some doubt as to when the committee will again meet; the likelihood is not for a week or more.

There are rumors afloat that the legislature intends adjourning in April for a week or ten days in order to allow members to attend to their business affairs at home. If this shall be determined upon your readers may look for the session to continue until the roses of June are here.

B.

[For THE COLUMBIAN.]

BY WM. BRINDLE.

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN LEGAL AND COMMERCIAL DOLLARS.

March 11, 1878.

Par money is what the law declares to be a legal tender for all debts, public and private. A dollar is what the law declares to be the unit of our decimal system of money or of Federal money. It is composed of 100 cents, 10 dimes or 1000 mills; the value of which is arbitrarily established by law, by means of a *unit of value*, composed of some commercial commodity, the demand for which constantly exceeds the supply, and the supply or increase is more steady and regular than any other commodity. As these two conditions aid in rendering a unit of value *steady* and *just*. There is no such thing as an absolute, steady or unchangable value or price in any commercial commodity whatever; but grains of silver come nearer to it than anything else. Two things make grains of silver a better unit of value than any other commodity. First because silver has a vein, while grains of gold has only a place among other metals or minerals. Second, because of its lower *specific gravity* than grains of gold, the same amount of commercial or legal value requires a larger bulk of silver than of gold; consequently grains of silver can be cut or stamped, coined into pieces of *smaller value* than grains of gold, and as the mass of persons have only a small amount of money *at any one time*, silver is a more popular metal than gold. The *supply of silver is more regular* than the supply of gold, the latter being found only in places and the demand for both being constantly in excess of the supply makes the commercial value of grains of silver, *wherever both metals are used as money*, more regular or steady than grains of gold. Job in chapter 28, verse 1 says: "*Surely*, there is a *vein* for the silver and a *place* for the gold, where they find it." Tendering any *commodity* in payment of debts by a fixed or *nominal* value, instead of by *weight* or *measure* is a relic of barbarism and a trick of usurpers and tyrants and knaves of the 'dark ages.' The mode established by Divine Wisdom of tendering grains of silver and of gold was by weight at their market values. As we have not entirely freed ourselves from all the customs established by European Usurpers and tyrants of the dark ages,' it will take us some time yet in our struggle for reform on the money question, to arrive at a clear understanding of the truth, as to law to make a proper *unit of value*, by which to calculate our bond and other dollars, or our money of account and contract; and as that question does not properly enter into the subject of demonstration under the caption of this article, it is proper to pass it by for the present.

The present Federal Government composed of equal States of Nations forms a family or confederacy of nations and not one consolidated "National" Government like Great Britain, whose system of banks of issue, suitable, only to a privileged class, we have been following, ever since our independence of that semi-monarchial government, in 1792, adopted 371¼ grains of pure silver as the *unit of value*. The gold dollar of 24¾ grains of pure or unalloyed gold 22 carats fine was made an equal legal tender for an unlimited amount. The coinage act of 1792 fixed the ratio or relative difference in value between an ounce of silver and an ounce of gold at 15 to 1. In 1834, '39 Congress continued the 371¼ grains of unalloyed silver as the unit of value, and made a gold dollar of only 24.22-100 grains of unalloyed gold, 21 3-5 carats fine or 35 4 5 grains of alloyed gold one-tenth alloy—an equal legal tender with the silver dollar of 371¼ grains of unalloyed or 412½ grains of alloyed silver—one-tenth part alloy, for unlimited amounts and made the ratio nearly 16 to 1. The commercial ratio in 1792 and and in 1834, '37, was about 15½ to 1. The ratio of 1792 undervalued gold and drove it to foreign markets to get the commercial difference or premium which was about 9 per cent and the ratio of 1834, '37 undervalued silver and drove it to foreign markets to get the commercial difference or premium—making the commercial value of the silver dollar of 412½ grains of alloyed silver in 1873, at the rate of 16 to 1 to command premium of 3 per cent over the gold dollar of 25 8-10 grains of alloyed gold. Congress in 1873 changed the unit of value from the silver dollar of 371¼ grains of unalloyed silver to the gold dollar of 23 22-100 grains of unalloyed gold. As this was designed to promote the interest of Bondholders and Bankers, it requires some explanation, to see why Congress adopted a unit of value, having three per cent *less commercial value* than the unit of value established in 1792 and existing in 1870 under which the bonds and all public and private debts had been contracted, and by which they are most unquestionably payable; as no *ex post facto law*, or law impairing the obligation of contracts can be made, by Congress or by the States.

In 1862, Congress for the first time made the interest on bonds payable in *coin* instead of with lawful money of the Federal Government, as had been usual in all of its legislation on that subject previous to that time; and also made custom house duties payable in *coin only* and not in coin and Treasury notes, as required by the Independent Treasury Act of 1840 and 1846 which Congress suspended in 1862. As no provision had been made for coining silver dollars since 1853, which then commanded a premium over the gold dollar, the only coin to pay Custom House duties with, was gold coin, and as the demand for it for that purpose *exceeded* the *supply* it was thus made to command *a fluctuating premium*, and that was what was designed; as it increased the interest on the bonds equal to the premium on the gold coins

Congress in 1873, not only changed the unit of value, from 371¼ grains of unalloyed silver to 23 22-100 grains of unalloyed gold, with in commerce from 3 to 5 per cent. less than the 371¼ grains of pure silver; but prohibited the coinage of the silver dollar of 412½ grains of alloyed silver, and then in a revsion of the acts of Congress in 1874 the silver dollars and all fractional silver coin were prohibited from being legal tenders for amounts over $5 and in 1876 all silver *dollars* were prohibited from being money or legal tenders for even one mill, or any amount whatever, by which the design of increasing the interest and principal of the public debt due to bondholders and bankers was increased equal to the premium on gold coin, caused by the dishonest and designing acts of Congress; and members of Congress in the interest of bondholders and bankers have presumed to denounce the act restoring the silver dollar to its legal tender power, as destructive of the honor of the country, whilst it merely overthrew their designs, and will undoubtedly promote the public interest, and the honor of the country; and the prohibition of Banks of Issues.

When U. S. Treasury notes popularly called Greenbacks are made equal legal tenders with gold and silver coins, and thereby made *pure* with them, as will be done, and the bondholders and bankers begin to lose the premium on the gold dollar, for which they have contended the principal and interest of their bonds are payable in they will very anxiously accept of silver and Greenbacks in payment *in preference* to being tendered payment in gold, at a ratio of nearly 16 to 1.

As the ratio of commerce is about 15½ ounces of silver to 1 of gold, and the legal ratio is nearly 16 to 1 the gold dollar will not command 100 cents or a dollar in commerce and is therefore not what the gold coin "business" call an "honest" dollar, or a dollar that will command 100 cents in commerce and as 371¼ grains of pure silver in the dollar of 412½ grains of alloyed silver is undervalued at the ratio of 16 to 1, it contains too many grains or the gold dollar of 23.22 too few grains, consequently the gold dollar of 371¼ grains is worth more in commerce than the gold dollar; but as both are equal legal tenders, and the value of all dollars are equal, by law to 25 8-10 grains of alloyed gold or 23.22 grains of unalloyed gold, 21 3-5 carats fine or ten parts fine, one alloy, 9 parts pure metal, it is with legal and not with commercial dollars, with which we have to deal; therefore the cant about "honest" money is all "humbug," and nonsense.

When all debts public and private, contracted under legal dollars, not worth 100 cents in commerce are paid off, it will be eminently proper to make the *unit of value* or all dollars worth 100 cents, in commerce, as well as in law. The silver dollar of 412½ grains having been restored to its legal-tender quality, will enhance the value of silver and soon place it at the premium over the gold dollar which it had in 1873; namely 4 to 5 per cent. The use of gold and silver as money gives them their clue of value. If they were not used as money by the commercial Nations of the World, they would not pay the cost of mining and refining them. Experience has shown that the main thing to be considered in selecting a meterial for money is the question of its convenience in use or handling. Money is not wealth nor is it a representation of wealth, it is purely a representative of value—"a tool of trade." The length of this article prevents my discussion at this time, of the remaining subject in relation to money and trade.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 12, 1878.

Really this civil service reform of Mr. Hayes has gone far enough. If the Senate does not stop him he will make Grant's nepotism and favoritism respectable. His promises on the subject in his letter of acceptance and in his inaugural were excellent. His performance has been in ludicrous contrast to his promises. On Saturday your correspondent met a lady here who had just been turned out of a post office in Illinois to make place for a "striker" of Mr. Hayes. She is the widow of a soldier and has discharged the duties of the office to the acceptance of everybody. Similar instances are numberless. I care nothing for discharges made to gratify one set of politicians in a State, if equally good men are appointed. This seems to have been the case in Massachusetts, where Simmons, an excellent officer, was turned out to make place for another politician. It is a violation of promises made by Hayes to be sure, but probably the country will not suffer. The case of the Postmaster at Leavenworth Kansas, is just in point. The term of the present occupant will expire in April next. Sometime since very serious charges were made against him. The Post Office Department commenced an investigation. While this investigation was going on, and before the truth or falsity of the charges could be ascertained Mr. Hayes *re-nominated the man*, stopped the investigation, and tried, through Ingalls and others, to have the nomination confirmed by the Senate without reference to a committee. This being resisted, and the Senate having sent for copies of the charges, Mr. Hayes withdrew the nomination. It will be noticed this nomination was made a month in advance of the time when a vacancy would have occurred, and unquestionably with the design of preventing an investigation of charges of a serious character. A very little of that kind of reform would go a great ways.

The army bill, as reported last week, cuts down the number of enlisted men to 20,000, and reduces the officers, especially staff officers, greatly.

The Consular and Diplomatic bill, as reported, reduces the expenses of that branch of the Government something over $100,000. The salary of the first, second and third class missions is reduced.

New Hampshire votes to-morrow. One of the possibilities of a Republican victory is the injection of William E. Chandler into the Senate of the United States. This would give the State an abler representative than it has had for years, but would hardly add to the dignity of the Senate. Mr. Chandler's late performances have hardly tended to the pacification of our politics. Sent to Florida to wrest the vote of that State from the man to whom it was given, and devised by the beneficiary of his fraud the full pay that he thought himself entitled to, he has lately been engaged in exposing so much of the corruption as he could do with safety to himself. This is not the material that even radical New Hampshire should send us.

The retirement of Guthrie and the investigation of Moore has brought out some other items of information relative to the arbitrary rule of the little autocrats of the Treasury Department. One to this effect is told. A lady just appointed to office and before she had become familiar with the advantages that was very likely to be taken of any infraction of rules that she might inadvertently be guilty of, was late several mornings during her first month, but never more than fifteen minutes. When the time came about for her to apply for the annual leave granted all clerks she learned that for each late arrival she had been docked an entire day the time being deducted from her leave and upon inquiry this was not found to be an isolated case.

SEMINOLE.

Bottled Talk.

A SPEAKING PHONOGRAPH AT WORK.

Showing How to Stereotype Your Vocal Utterance, Making a Plate from Which a Perfect Reproduction of Your Speech can be had when You are in the Grave.

Were the veracious Munchausen in attendance at an exhibition which was given lately in the Philadelphia Local Telegraph Company's office, Third and Chestnut streets, of Professor Thomas A. Edison's marvelous invention called the speaking phonograph, he might have triumphantly said "I told you so" with reference to at least one of his yarns—the story of his journey by post from St. Petersburg during a winter of uncommon severity. "Finding myself in a narrow lane," he narrates, "I bade the postilion give a signal with his horn that other travelers might not meet us in the narrow passage. He blew with all his might, but his endeavors were in vain; he could not make the horn sound, which was unaccountable and rather unfortunate, for soon we found another coach coming the other way." After telling how he got the vehicle and horses around the obstructing team, by carrying them under his arm one at a time, over the fence, through part of the field, and then over the fence again, the conscientious traveler continues "We arrived at the inn where my postilion and I refreshed ourselves. He hung the horn on a peg near the kitchen fire; I sat on the other side. Suddenly we beard a *tereng! tereng! teng! teng!* We now looked around and now found the reason the postilion had not been able to sound his horn; his tunes were frozen in it, and came out by thawing, plain enough, and much to the credit of the driver, so that the honest fellow entertained us for some time with a successive variety of tunes without putting his mouth to the horn."

Yesterday's exhibition, to say the least, was equally as remarkable as the one described by Baron Munchausen. It demonstrated to the entire satisfaction of some of Philadelphia's most intelligent citizens, who were present by invitation of Mr. Henry H. Bentley, president of the Local Telegraph Company, that a person can, so to speak, battle up any quanity of his vocal utterance, and, at the end of an indefinite period of time, cause the "bottle" to reproduce it exactly as it originally came from his lips.

WHAT THE THING IS.

The instrument was operated sometimes by Mr. Bentley, but principally by Mr. James Adams, the inventor's representative. Mr. Adams, a highly-intelligent Scotchman, with a strongly-marked Scotch accent in his speech, has been for five years the assistant of Professor Edison in the latter's electrical and other experiments. The machine occupied no more space than would a Webster's Unabridged, and its construction appeared almost as simple as that of a housewife's coffee mill. It was a fac simile or one which Professor Edison is now constructing, and which is to have a capacity of forty-eight thousand words.

Mr. Adams, before the performance began, thus explained the instrument: "In this guttaperchs mouthpiece is a very thin diaphragm, made of tin-type metal. The vibrations of the voice jar the diaphragm, which has in its centre, underneath, a fine steel point. Around this brass cylinder, which, you see, is closely and finely grooved by a spiral, I wrap a sheet of tin foil. I shove the mouthpiece up until the steel point touches the tin foil, just above the first groove on the left. Turning the cylinder with this crank I talk into the mouthpiece. The diaphragm vibrates, points perforate the tin foil, leaving, little holes of different diameters and resembling the old Morse telegraphic alphabet. The cylinder moves from left to right until the steel point has gone over the entire length of the spiral. Thus we have, as it were, a stereotype plate of the voice. From this plate a matrix in sulphur (the most desirable substance for the purpose) can be formed, and years from now there can be taken from that matrix other plates capable of that same work which you will presently see this one perform.

Jack and Jill went up the hill
To get a bucket of water;
Jack fell down and broke his crown
And Jill came tumbling after.

Having reset the cylinder and fixed the funnel in the mouthpiece he turned the crank and the diaphragm repeated the rhyme not only as distinctly as he had uttered it, but with so perfect a mimicry of the Scotch accent as to cause a general outburst of laughter, in which the genial operator heartily joined.

THE TALKING MACHINE FUNNY.

Causing the steel point to proceed from the ending of "Jack and Jill," Mr. Adams again put his mouth to the diaphragm and uttered in more varying tones, which had a range from almost a whisper up to a screeching soprano, the following:

Hallo! Hoop-la! Ya-hoo!
Nineteen years in the Bastile!
I scratched my name upon the wall
And that name was Robert Landr-y-y-y.
Parlez vous Francais? Sprechen sie Deutsch?

Turning the crank backward until the steel point touched the beginning of "Jack and Gill," he again gave the forward motion. The diaphragm's elocution of the rhyme was on this occasion as good as before, and the second conglomeration of utterance was delivered by the vibrating metal with all the characteristics of the operator's ejaculations and recitation. For the sake of a novelty the steel point was now caused to go along the perforated spiral while Mr. Adams whistled, yelled and shouted all sorts of ridiculous things into the mouth-piece. As a result the bit of metal strongly affected the risible muscles of the audience by something like this:

Jack and Jill went—'Cheese it!'—
Up the hill
To get a bucket—'O, wipe off your chin!'—
Of water.
Jack fell down and—'Hello, young—
Broke his crown
Feller, does your mother know your out?'
And Jill—'Ya-hoo! I've bottled myself, Edison"—
Came tumbling after.
Hallo! hoopla!—'Shut up!'—ya-hoo!
'Go bag your head!'—Nineteen years in the Bastile!—
'I'm a'—Scratched my name—'a jolly Irishman,'
Upon the wall,
And that—'From Dublin town I came,'—
Name was—'Ha, ha, ha!'—Robert Landry-y-y.
Parlez vous Francais?—'Go hire a hall!'—
Sprechen sie Deutsch?—'O, give us a rest!'

The effect of this was too ludicrous for description, and for a time all hands were uncontrollably merry. Having put on and caused the steel point to perforate a new sheet of tin foil, again speaking 'Jack and Jill' into the instrument, Mr. Adams made the point travel backward and the diaphragm reproduced the recitation, beginning with the last word, "after," and ending with the first word, 'Jack.' In this way the operator amused his audience for an hour. He became hoarse but, the instrument did not.

There is no electricity about the speaking phonograph, and, like so many other great inventions, its construction is so simple and its operation so easily understood that a person seeing it would probably ask himself, 'Now, why didn't I think of that?'—*Times.*

A painful question. "What shall it profit a man if he gains the whole world and puts it in a savings bank?" The best return you can get for your money is to invest in a bottle of Dr. Coxe's Wild Cherry and Seneca or Santonine Worm Syrup. 25 and 50 cents.

The penetrating winds incident to this season of the year are a severe ordeal for the lungs. The neglect of a hard cough generally leads to a weakness of the lungs, which, not infrequently, results in Consumption.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP will at once relieve and loosen a tight cough and is such an agreeable remedy that children will take it without being coaxed. A cold on the lungs, if consumption is not already developed, may be easily mastered by the use of the Pulmonic Syrup, together with Schenck's Mandrake Pills to clear the system of the accumulated mucus.

In more serious cases, where the disease has become deeply seated, and the patient suffers from loss of appetite, weakness and emaciation, Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic should be used in connection with the above mentioned remedies, to stimulate the appetite and bring the digestive powers into healthy action, thereby sustaining the strength of the patient and enabling him to resist the progress of the disease until the Pulmonic Syrup may perform its healing and cleansing work.

The use of these standard remedies according to the directions which accompany them, cannot fail to produce most satisfactory results. A letter addressed to Dr. Schenck cor. Sixth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, asking advice, will promptly receive the Doctor's personal attention, free or charge.

Schenck's Medicines are for sale by All Druggists, March.

The Great Discovery!

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. For the cure of weak stomach, general debility, indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipation, acidity of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient salt of Iron we possess, Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient salt of Iron combined with valuable Nerve tonic, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, lessens the malady of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This valuable tonic has been thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, rejuvenates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other make. Sold only in $1 bottles. All others are counterfeit, so beware of them.

Buy six bottles for $5.00

Worms Removed Alive.

E. F. Kunkel's worm syrup never fails to destroy Pin-rms and Stomach worms. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician in this country for the removal of worms. He removes Tape worm, with head and all complete, alive in 2 hours, and no fee until removed. Send for circular, or call on your Druggist, and get a bottle of Kunkel's Worm syrup. Price $1.00. It never fails.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREGG & BOWE,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FINE, LIGHT AND HEAVY
CARRIAGES
REPOSITORY,
N. E. Cor. Twelfth and Arch Sts., Philad'a.

N. B.—REPAIRING NEATLY ATTENDED TO. ALSO CARRIAGES TAKEN ON STORAGE.
march 15, 1878-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE WORLD

Embracing full and authentic accounts of every nation of ancient and modern times, and including a history of the rise and fall of the Greek and Roman Empires, the growth of the nations of modern Europe, the middle ages, the crusades, the feudal system, the reformation, the discovery and settlement of the New World, etc., etc.

It contains 672 fine historical engravings and 1000 large double column pages, and is the most complete history of the World ever published. It sells at sight. Send for specimen pages and extra terms to agents, and see why it sells faster than any other book. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
march 15, '78-4w

NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE TERRITORY FOR DR. EGLE'S GREAT NEW ILLUSTRATED HISTORY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The grandest selling book for the Pennsylvania field. Liberal terms to agents. Send $2.00 at once for complete outfit, or 10 cents for our 64 page sample, and name territory wanted. Address D. C. GOODRICH, Publisher, Harrisburg, Pa.

Don't fail to say what paper you saw this in.
march 15, '78 1m Dar

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELISHA BARTON, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Elisha Barton, late of the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia Co., Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Ezli Barton and E. Mendenall to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said executors without delay.

ELI BARTON,
E. MENDENHALL,
Executors.

march 15 '78 6w

NOTICE.

Persons wishing to save the advertising fee of taxes on seated and unseated lands returned to me for collection can do so by paying the same by April 1st 1878.

H. W. MCHENRY OLDS,
March 14th, 1878-2w* Treasurer.

NOTICE.

This is to certify that I have this day sold to James Scott McAnich the following property, viz: My share, being the one-half of 5¼ acres of rye in the ground and one parlor stove as collateral security for a judgment and costs on docket of J. J. Brower amounting to $60 82 which I agree to pay in 5 months from this date and if paid in said five months is extended to 3 months longer the amount to be 19 dollars and said property to remain in my possession during the pleasure of said J. S. McAnich.

ALFRED BECKMAN.
Bloomsburg, March 2, 1878. mar. 8, 2w

SEND US 21
Your Name and Address
and in return we will send you Free of Expense Postage paid, a copy of our
BEAUTIFUL BOOK OF POEMS,
entitled
"Moses, The Great Law Giver,"
a collection of Poems illustrating the Life of Moses being selections from Mrs. Hemans, W. Cullen Bryant and other celebrated authors. Beautifully illustrated
ON RECEIPT OF TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
to pay expenses of mailing, &c., we will send you a CHOICE PAIR of Engravings, after the old Masters. Address NATIONAL BUREAU OF ENGRAVING, 512 Pine Street, Philadelphia.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed an assignee for the benefit of creditors of A. Earnst of Locust township, Columbia co., Pa., and has taken upon himself the duties of the trust. All persons are therefore requested to settle with him, adjust and pay to him all accounts, debts, and dues of the said A. Earnst and those having claims to submit them to the assignee properly authenticated.

WILLIAM L. EYERLY,
mar. 8, 78-4w Assignee.

$45 PREMIUM WATCH AND CHAIN—Stem-winder. Free with every order. Outfit free. J. H. Gaylord & Co., Chicago, Ill.
aug. 17, '77-1y R & C

The Seaside Library.

Choice books no longer for the few only. The best standard novels within the reach of every one. Books usually sold from $1 to $2 given (unchanged and unabridged) for 10 and 20 cents.

155.	The Count of Monte-Cristo, Alex Dumas	40c
156.	The King's Own, by Capt. Marryat	10c
157.	Hand and Glove, by Amelia B. Edwards	10c
158.	Treasure Trove, by Samuel Lover	20c
159.	The Phantom ship, by Captain Marryat	10c
160.	The Black Tulip, by Alexander Dumas	10c
161.	The World Well Lost, E. Lynn Linton	10c
162.	Shirley, Charlotte Bronte	20c
163.	Frank Mildmay, by Captain Marryat	10c
164.	A Young Wife's story, Harriet Bowrn	10c
165.	A Modern Minister (Vol. 1.) Chevely Novel	20c
166	The Last Addut, by George Sand	10c
167.	The Queen's Necklace, by Alex. Dumas	10c
168.	Con Cregan, by Charles Lever	20c
169.	St. Patrick's Eve, by Charles Lever	10c
170.	Newton Forster, by Captain Marryat	10c
171.	Hostage to Fortune, by Miss Braddon	20c
172.	Chevalier de Maison Rouge, by Dumas	10c
173.	Japhet in Search of a Father, by Captain Marryat	20c
174.	Kate O'Donoghue, by Charles Lever	20c
175.	The Pacha of Many Tales, Captain Marryat	10c
176.	Percival Keene by Captain Marryat	10c
117.	George Canterbury's Will, by Mrs. Henry Wood	20c
178.	Rare Good Luck, by R. E. Francillon	10c
179.	The History of a Crime, by Victor Hugo	10c
180.	Armadale, by Wilkie Collins	20c
181.	The Countess de Charny, Alex Dumas	10c
182.	Juliets Guardian, by Mrs. Cameron	10c
183.	Kenilworth, by Sir Walter Scott	20c
184.	The Little Savage, by Captain Maryyat	10c
185.	"Good-Bye Sweetheart," by Rhoda Broughton	10c
186.	David Copperfield, by Charles Dickens	20c
187.	Nanon, by Alexander Dumas	10c
188.	The Swiss Family Robinson	10c
189.	Henry Dunbar, by Miss Braddon	10c
190.	Memoirs of a Physician, by Alex Dumas	20c
191.	The Three Cutters, by Captain Marryat	10c
192.	The Conspirators, by Alexander Dumas	10c
193.	Heart of Midlothian, Sir Walter Scott	20c
194.	No Intentions, by Florence Marryatt	10c
195.	Isabel of Bavaria, by Alexander Dumas	10c
196.	Nicholas Nickleby, by Charles Dickens	20c
197.	Nancy, by Rhoda Broughton	10c
198.	Settlers in Canada, by Captain Marryat	10c
199.	Cloisters and the Hearth, by Chas. Reade	20c
200.	The Monk, by Matthew G. Lewis, M. P., Monk Lewis.	10c

For sale by all Booksellers and Newsdealers, or sent postage prepaid, on receipt of price.

GEORGE MUNRO, Publisher,
P. O. Box 5657. 21, 23 and 25, Vandewater st., N. Y.
aug 3, '77-4m

MORRIS MICHEL,
PRACTICAL PIANO MAKER,
TUNER AND REPAIRER,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FIRST CLASS PIANOS AND ORGANS FOR SALE, SECOND HAND PIANOS TAKEN IM EXCHANGE. ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
feb 15, '78-tf

OPIUM and Morphine Habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless. No publicity. Send stamp for particulars. DR. CARSTON, 167 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.
Aug 17, '77-1y R & C

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO.

NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The assets of these old corporations are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of Fire only.

Moderate lines on the best risks are alone accepted.

Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Penn'a.

The citizens of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are adjusted and paid by one of their own citizens. nov.16, '77-1y

A PHYSIOLOGICAL
View of Marriage!
WOMAN AND MARRIAGE
A Guide to Wedlock and Confidential Treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and Diseases of Women.
A book for priest, consideration and reading; 250 pages, price $1.
A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!
On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure. 224 pages, price 50 cts.
A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs. Causes, Symptoms, and Quack Humbugs exposed. 50 cts.
Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, containing 524 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts.
Address DR. BUTTS, No. 24 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.
aug. 17, '77-1y R & C

KEEP IN THE RIGHT LATITUDE

Call on or address the undersigned for full information.

feb. 8, 78-3m N. S. ENGLE, Agt., Sunbury, Pa.

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESRIPTION
EXECUTED PROMPTLY
AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

PHILADELPHIA. MARCH 1st, 1878.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER
ARE DAILY OPENING
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL FABRICS
THE PRODUCTS OF THE
BEST MAKERS
OF
FRANCE, ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND.

As our supplies, Foreign and Domestic, come direct from the manufacturer to us, there is no intermediate profit to pay, and we are, therefore, able to sell one dress pattern as low as the same goods are sold by the case.

We are now offering a superb stock of
PARISIAN NOVELTIES IN DRESS FABRICS,

Too numerous to specify, but which comprise the choicest styles that will be shown in Paris and London during the present season. These goods have been selected by ourselves, personally, in the Paris market.

We have also received by late steamer, and just opened, our first invoice of

French Lawns and Organdies, Jaconets, Toile d'Alsace, etc.

Which we commend to the early attention of all who desire to inspect full lines of all the choice and latest designs in these goods.

OUR BLACK GOODS STOCK

Has also received the most careful attention, and we are displaying an unusual assortment of

BL

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1878

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.45 A. M.	7.50 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	1.50 P. M.	11.57 A. M
" "	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.37 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.33 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

Blank petitions and bonds for Hotel and Restaurant licenses for sale at this office, 25 cents a set.

Robert Friend has gone to Indianapolis, Indiana where he expects to take up his abode for the future.

Ethereal mildness came last week, but it stayed only a few days. While here it was the most delightful of weather.

Mr. John R. Townsend who was confined to the house for several days by illness, is able to attend to business again.

The Williamsport bond case was heard again last Monday on a motion to dissolve the injunction. It will be decided in a few days.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, said a gentleman the other day, who had been cured of a terrible cough by Dr. Hass' Expectorant.

Rev. O. D. S. Barclay and family arrived last week Thursday. A reception was given them at the Lutheran church by the congregation.

We can furnish a new Marvin safe worth $250, or a Terwilliger safe worth $125, at a discount For information apply at this office.

No Opium! No Morphia or other dangerous drug is contained in Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, for the relief of Colic, Teething, etc. Price 25 cents.

All the small curs in town are barking now. That other little concern down town gives us an invitation to advertise it by putting its name in our columns, but we don't take hints.

Dr. W. Howell has removed his Dental rooms from Hartman's block to those next Miss Workheiser nearly opposite the Episcopal church, Main street.

Mr. Merceron of Catawissa has placed upon our table a beautiful boquet, composed of pinks, heliotrope, and other fragrant flowers, for which he has our thanks.

Hartman Brothers have moved into Sterner's store room while the work on the old Rupert block is in operation. They will move back into a much improved store room.

Josephine, a little daughter of Rev. J. P. and Catharine A. Tustin fell a victim to scarlet fever on the 13th inst., aged 2 years, 8 months and 5 days. She suffered with the disease about three weeks. We sympathize with the afflicted family.

Be sure and call for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, if you are troubled with a bad Cough or Cold. It will give you relief. For sale by every respectable Druggist. One bottle 25 cents; five bottles for $1,00.

Candidates' names will be inserted and kept in until the Convention at the following rates: Prothonotary, Register and Recorder, Representatives, Treasurer, $5 each, Commissioners $3. Terms cash in advance.

The Democratic Standing Committee will meet Saturday, March 30th in the Grand Jury Room for the purpose of selecting delegates to the State Convention.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Chairman.

Orders filled after this date, for those that want eggs for hatching from the largest and best collection of Pure breed Fowls in this vicinity. Apply to DR. B. F. KINNEY, Bloomsburg, Pa.

They talk of putting a fence around the town of Bloomsburg in order to turn it into pasture land in which to pasture the "poor man's cow." We hope they'll put that *big calf* in, too, which has bleated so lustily for the cow.—*Ind, Weekly.*

G. A. Clark has added still more to the appearance of his fine store by painting the frame work of the windows a dark color trimmed with gilt. The curtains in the windows are also an improvement. Mr. Clark is one of our progressive men.

The Means House at Towanda was entirely destroyed by fire last Friday morning. Loss on furniture about $10,000. The house was kept by T. R. Jordan, and enjoyed the reputation of being one of the best hotels in northern Pennsylvania.

The Spring term of the Normal School will open April 1st. Send to Rev. D. J. Waller Jr. Principal, for a catalogue. This school is constantly advancing in reputation. Its facilities are the very best, and the location cannot be surpassed in the state.

Harry Woodward, son of Judge W. J. Woodward of the Supreme Court, formerly of Bloomsburg, died at the residence of his father in Reading, week before last, of consumption. He was twenty six years of age, and said to be a lawyer of much promise.

There is a remedy in use many long years, and tried by thousands with happy effects. It can have no superior, and has no equal for the prompt relief and cure of croup, coughs and colds. We allude to Dr. Coxe's Wild Cherry and Seneca. Reader, try it.

AUCTION SALE.—The entire lot of Harness and Buffalo Robes, will be sold without reserve, also one Top Buggy, one Open Buggy, on Monday, March 18th, at one o'clock p. m., the property of C. M. Christman. Sale in Shives' Block, Bloomsburg, Pa. R. Harris, Actioneer.

The Humas Family are constantly using Bitters and Tonic to build up and strengthen the system. Domestic animals, whose lives and habits more nearly resemble man's, should be subjected to the same treatment. Foutz's Horse and Cattle Powders will accomplish all that is claimed for them.

Appointments of the Ministers of Lewisburg District, Central Pa., Conference of the Evangelical Church.

Lewisburg District—A. L. Reeser, P. E.
Lewisburg—W. M. Croman.
Buffalo—M. Sloat.
Milton—S. T. Buck.
White Deer—J. M. Brader.
Dewart—L. K. Harris.
Danville—P. W. Raidabaugh.
Bloomsburg—Geo. Hunter.
Columbia—W. W. Rhoades.
Berwick—J. A. Irvine.
Luzerne—A. W. Kreamer.
Catawissa—John McCamey, under the P. E.
Shickshinny—Z. Hornberger.
Wyoming and Kingston—G. L. Burson and J. A. Hallenbach.
Susquehanna—To be supplied.
Dushore—S. P. Remer.
Hughesville—J. F. Shultz.
Williamsport—S. Yearick.
New Columbia—H. W. Lilly.

A little son of Prof. G. Wilbur about a year and a half old died at the Normal School on Sunday night. We are informed that it was taken with croup and afterwards had convulsions. The funeral services were held in the chapel on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The afflicted parents have the sympathy of the community in their trouble.

STAMP YOUR OWN LETTERS.—Postmasters have received orders from the Postmaster General that they hereafter will not be allowed to attach stamps to letters for anyone. Every person must, therefore, lick his or her own stamps. This order is given that no blame may be attached to the officials in case letters should miscarry.

The last meeting of the creditors of N. Reese, bankrupt, was held last week, at the office of Col. S. Knorr. A dividend was made, and the assignees discharged. By the prompt and careful management of Messrs. Barkley and Knorr, the estate was made to pay a little over 42 per cent. It is not often in this district that Bankruptcy proceedings are completed within a year.

Moyer Bros. have commenced operations on the old Rupert Block, and propose to improve it by numerous repairs. The first floors have been lowered to a level with the street, the windows will all be changed and the roof raised to make a full third story. There will be three store rooms on the first floor. We understand that his enterprising firm will erect a three story brick building on the corner of Main and Market streets next summer.

Owing to the limited circulation of a small sheet, there are but few people who are aware of the terrible fact that carpet-baggers have been managing our town affairs for the past two years. Just think of it! The President of the Town Council was not born in Bloomsburg and only moved here about twenty seven years ago, and the other carpet bag members have lived here only from 15 to 30 years. What are we coming to?

"IT ISN'T PROFITABLE."—The Williamsport authorities are now directing their efforts to have dissolved an injunction issued by Judge Elwell, forbidding the city treasurer to pay out money for any purpose. The city is in a truly unfortunate position, having money in the bank which draws but three per cent., while a floating debt is piling up which costs six per cent. This is very characteristic of Williamsport's financial genius, but it isn't profitable.—*Philadelphia Times.*

The Bloomsburg correspondent of the Mountain *Echo* in speaking of the little $500 sheet, partly printed here, says:

In the first issue after the closing of the polls that paper claimed a victory for Labor over Capital; and, in the next edition the same sheet labored hard to prove that its ticket was composed of Capitalists and Producers while the citizens and tax-payers ticket was made up of men who barely pay taxes sufficient to allow them a vote.—Consistency thou art &c.

Kate Claxton with a full New York Company will play a popular Drama entitled "The Two Orphans," at the Danville Opera House on the 18th inst. Miss Claxton is an actress of considerable reputation, and is supported by a first class troup. Arrangements have been made with the D. L. & W. Railroad to run a special train so that visitors from Bloomsburg will be able to return home the same night. Those who are fond of the stage should seize this opportunity to witness a fine performance.

DEATH OF DR. RITTENHOUSE.

Dr. G. W. Rittenhouse, a prominent physician of Williamsport, died at Danville, whither he had been taken for treatment, Thursday morning. The *Gazette and Bulletin* says: "The Dr. had been suffering for several weeks past, his greatest trouble being inability to sleep; his mind became disturbed somewhat and he was distressed with the hallucination that attempts were being made to poison him." He had been a resident of Williamsport for twelve years, and was formerly a member of the drug house of Finney Rittenhouse & Co., of that city.

He formerly practiced at Berwick.

WILD PIGEONS AT LAPORTE.

Jasper Clark, of the Laporte house, came down from that place yesterday (Thursday) and reports the woods as being literally filled with wild pigeons. They made their first appearance there last Sunday morning, since which time they have been coming in by the thousands until the county is alive with them. Yesterday morning they were flying thick and he saw one flock while on his way here that was not less than half a mile in length. Should no snow storm drive them away, they will, he says, remain several weeks. They pass over the town so low that one can easily bring them down with a gun at almost any point in the place. Here is a chance for sport.—*Hughesville Journal.*

THE LAW OF PUBLIC SALES.

As there are a great many sales of personal property throughout the country at every season of the year, we call the attention of auctioneers and vendors to a few principles of law, which do not seem to be generally understood by them. In a sale by auction there are three parties,—the owner of the property to be sold, the auctioneer, and a portion of the public. The articles put up must be sold without reserve (unless conditions are announced in advance), and unless the vendor receives one open bid, he cannot bid himself or have the auctioneer or any one else bid for him. There are cases on record where a bid was not received and the vendor had a bidder who bought a certain article in, and afterwards suit was brought against the vendor by the highest outside bidder for the article; and it was decided that he, the plaintiff, was the highest bidder and entitled to the article against the vendor. So, also, if an article is struck off to a person, and it is afterwards proved that the vendor or auctioneer practiced fraud, by bidding himself or having puffers, it was held by the courts in England and so repeatedly decided by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, that the purchaser could not be held, but the purchaser as soon as he discovers the fraud practiced upon him, must return or tender the article to the vendor.—*Ex.*

COMMUNICATED.

ORANGEVILLE, March 9th, 1878.

TO THE EDITORS OF THE COLUMBIAN:—The impression appears to have been received by the public that Prof. Canfield has resigned his position of Principal of the Orangeville Academy. From what source such a report originated I am uninformed. It is true that on account of ill health he has for the present retired from the arduous duties of the recitation room, but the seminary still has the benefit of his superior talent and of his long and successful experience as a teacher. As principal of the Academy he commands the confidence of all, and carefully looks after the interest of his patrons and of the pupils committed to his care.

New methods of teaching and improvements in the courses of study have been introduced. The thorough preparation of students, intending to enter college, is being made one of the prominent features of the institution.

The school is in excellent condition and as a teacher, well acquainted with the important subject of mental and moral training, I can conscientiously say that those having children to be educated would do well to give this pleasantly located Academy their favorable consideration.

Most respectfully,
E. A. MCLAURY.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court met on Monday last pursuant to adjournment, William Elwell, President Judge, and I. K. Frickbaum and Franklin Shuman, Associates on the bench.

M. E. Cox, S. J. Case, and N. P. Fowler were appointed tipstaves for the first week and G. W. Foster and Michael Walter for the second week.

Lyons vs. Eves. Case tried, and a verdict returned by the jury for plaintiff of $13'57.

Deputation of Abram W. McCollum by Geo. W. Hurleymen, constable of Benton township approved by the Court.

We clip the following from the Elk county *Gazette* of the 7th inst., published at St. Marys.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—This morning about 7 o'clock, a genteelly dressed young man made his appearance at the Franklin house, in this borough and stated that he had been shot by two men, who afterwards robbed him. He represented that the crime had been committed about a mile west of town, a little before dark last evening. The one side of his face was covered with blood and his general appearance indicated exhaustion. He stated that he was shot in the left ear and in the stomach. He was taken to a room, and placed in a bed. Upon examining the wound in the stomach it was found that the shirt and undershirt was burned with power, and upon being questioned he admitted that he had made an attempt to kill himself. He then gave his name as J. H. Kitchen, his home is in Columbia county, his father lives in Columbia county, and his post office address is Central P. O. Columbia county, Pa. His age he states is 21. He refused to give any reason for the rash act, and begged that no one should write to his father. Neither of the wounds are considered fatal. The doctors are attempting to remove the ball from his head this afternoon. The other ball has not been found. It is believed he will recover.

RECEPTION OF A PASTOR.

The public reception of Rev. O. D. S. Barclay and family, on the evening of March 7th, by the E. L. Church of our borough, was highly creditable to the committee who arranged it and to the congregation.

The altar and pulpit were tastefully and beautifully decorated, above the pulpit and neatly encircled in mosses and evergreens were the words; "We Bid Thee Welcome."

Appropriate selections from the Scriptures were read by Rev. Tustin. An eloquent and fitting prayer was offered by Rev. Mitchell. F. P. Manhart, on behalf of the congregation bade them welcome to their "hearths and hearts, their altar and pulpit." Rev Smyser warmly welcomed the new pastor on behalf of the ministry of the town. Rev. Barclay responded to the addresses of welcome and expressed himself as happy in coming into their midst as a minister, and as highly gratified with his cordial reception. The anthem; "The Lord is my Light" was finely rendered by the choir under the efficient leadership of Mr. Ringler.

Rev. Barclay and family were then introduced to the many persons who composed the audience and were the recipient of many hearty individual welcomes.

The affair throughtout was a happy and enjoyable one, and as the reverend gentleman comes among us with a record of successful labor behind him, we may confidently hope that the relation so auspiciously initiated may result in a rich fruitage of blessing to the congregation and the community.

A GREAT HISTORICAL WORK.

The National Publishing Company of Philadelphia have sent us advance sheets of *The Pictorial History of the World, embracing full and authentic accounts of every nation of ancient and modern times, and including a History of the rise and fall of the Greek and Roman Empires, the growth of the nations of Modern Europe, the Middle Ages, the Crusades, the Feudal System, the Reformation, the discovery and settlement of the New World. etc., etc*, by James D. McCabe, a well-known historical writer. This is one of the most valuable works ever issued by an American publisher, and it is in all respects the most complete History of the World ever published. The author does not content himself with a mere dry statement of facts, but sketches the life and manners of the various nations of which he treats, in life-like colors, and points out the causes which led to the prosperity and decay of the great powers of the world. He shows us the famous warriors, statesmen, poets, sages, and orators of ancient and modern times, and makes them familiar to the reader. The book is a complete treasury of history, and there is not a question that can be asked concerning any historical subject but an answer to it can be found in this great work. It contains 1260 large double-column pages, and is embellished with over 650 fine engravings illustrative of the events recorded in the narrative embracing battles and other historical scenes; portraits of the great men of ancient and modern times; and views of the principal cities of the world. These engravings are genuine works of art, and were made at a cost of over $25,000. The great number and high character of their engravings make this the most valuable art publication of the century. We cannot too highly praise the numerous and beautiful portraits of historical personages with which it abounds. A marked feature of the work is a complete *History of the late War between Russia and Turkey*, which is the only complete account of this war in print. This is an appropriate time to read the History of the World and we predict for this book an immense sale.

It is sold by subscription only, and the publishers want agents, as will be seen by their advertisement in another column.

WHIPPING THE WRONG BOY.

While whipping a boy at school, the master found him laughing heartily, and the harder he whipped the louder the boy laughed. Stopping, he angrily asked, "What are you laughing at?" "Sir," said the youth, who could hardly suppress his laughter, "*you are whipping the wrong boy.*" So physicians when depending upon a limited experience in determining the nature of some delicate and complicated affection, *often treat the wrong disease.* Many times women call upon their family physicians, one with dyspepsia, another with palpitation, another with trouble of the breast, another with pain here and there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent doctor, separate and distinct diseases for which he prescribes his bills and potions, assuming them to be such, when, in reality, they are all symptoms caused by some uterine disorder. While the physician is ignorant of the cause of suffering, he encourages his practice until large pills are made, when the suffering patient is no better, but probably worse for the delay, treatment, and various complications made. A proper medicine directed to the cause would perhaps have entirely removed the disease, thereby instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery.

Mrs. Henry Patterson, of New York City, writing to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I had been under an eminent physician's care for eight months for what he called "spinal disease." I became worse during all this time, when, chancing to see a copy of your Medical Adviser at the residence of a friend, I read that part devoted to "Woman and her disease." I soon became convinced that my disease was a uterine a celion, which, as you say, caused *sympathetic* backache, inward fever, nervousness, and general, debility. I commenced the use of your Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery, applying also the local treatment which you recommend in the *Adviser*, and in three months I was well and strong."

The silverware delivered by the National Silver-Plating Co. No. 704 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, is giving entire satisfaction. All orders are promptly filled, and no one need hesitate about sending them money.—*Lutheran Observer.*

March 15 4w.

A handsome locomotive, for exhibition at Paris is being constructed at the Reading railroad shops in Reading. The locomotive will be about the same style as the engine sent from the Reading shops to the centennial exhibition in 1876, with the exception of the newly patented attachment for burning coal dirt and very small pea coal.

Croaking is not confined to the Frog Ponds. At this season almost everybody is hoarse. The bleating of distressed lungs is heard everywhere. Why is this, when *Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar* will cure any cough, cold or horseness in 48 hours? Sold by all Druggists.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in 1 minute.

March 15.

The Silver Dollar.

Coinage Begun at the Philadelphia Mint. Saving a Specimen for the President.

A small but interested crowd of mint employees gathered around the great coining machine at the mint Monday afternoon to witness the turning out of the first silver dollar. The dies were finished soon after noon and the process of adjusting them to the press occupied some little time. After trying half a dozen planchets the foreman of the coining room, Mr. Albert Downing, announced that all was ready. Major Bosbyshell, the chief coiner, appeared with a dozen little envelopes, and Mr. Pollock, the Superintendent, and Mr. Morgan, the engraver, stood by to look on. Mr. Downing then took a dozen polished planchets and adjusting the machine for a single revolution of the wheel put one in. The first was slightly defective and was promptly defaced and thrown back. Ten coins were then stamped and deposited in their respective envelopes numbered in the order of coining. The eleventh proved a faulty planchet and was also rejected. These twelve coins were reserved and then steam was turned on and the coining began at 3.35. When the press is working at full speed it will make 80 coins a minute, and there are 4 machines in the mint capable of making silver dollars. Presuming that these machines run without stopping, and they will be at work on Thursday, they can turn out $150,000 a day, but the other departments cannot furnish the material as fast that. The dies used Monday afternoon were the first pair struck; Tuesday two more pairs were ready, and on Thursday half a dozen more, which will probably be sent to San Francisco and Carson. Tuesday the mint made $70,000, but the first delivery will not be until Thursday. The first piece struck will go to the President and the second to Secretary Sherman. No orders have yet been received for the distribution of the coinage, but it is presumed that it will be for gold at the various sub-treasuries, and that whatever gold is received at the sub-treasuries will be used for the payment of interest, while the silver will be paid out for the purchase of bullion.—*Ex.*

Business Notices.

Call at McKinneys for Shoes.

Silk Handkerchiefs from 20 cents up at Lutz & Sloan's.

For cheap nice casimeres for boys wear sold by the yard at David Lowenberg's.

Extra Good Kentucky Jeans for 22 cents at I. W. Hartman's.

American Watches in heavy coin silver cases warranted for two years for twenty dollars at L. Bernhard's popular jewelry store. feb. 22 tf

P. S. Bates, jeweller and watchmaker makes a specialty of repairing. All work done by him is sure to give perfect satisfaction.

Important Notice to parties attending Court. Spring Styles! Spring Styles!

Just received, the largest stock of cloths and casimeres of the latest style and at the lowest price—to be sold by the yard with trimmings for coat pants or vest. If youwant them made at home buy the goods and have them cut at David Lowenberg's,

Rubbers at McKinney's.

A large assortment of new Silk Ties, lace Ties and bows at Lutz & Sloan's.

The large stock of Clocks, Watches and silverware received by P. S. Bates only a month or two ago is being very rapidly reduced by his extensive sales at the lowest possible prices.

Pleasant as honey, the old folks like it the young people like it and the babies cry for it—we mean Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup. tf

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

New and Beautiful Spring Styles.

Hats for the Million. Just received a full line of Hats in all the newest shades in stiff and soft felt for Men, Youths, Boys and children, cheaper than ever at David Lowenberg's.

An extra cheap piece of all wool cassimere at I. W. Hartman's next week.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Many consumptives are now using Dr. Frazier's Root Bitters and Cough Syrup with remarkable success. tf

David Lowenberg is now prepared to give his customers the full benefit of the reduction in all kinds of clothing. Spring suits made up at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine the latest styles.

If you have a watch, clock, or any kind of jewelry or silverware to repair, take it to P. S. Bates who always gives perfect satisfaction.

Lutz & Sloan have just received a large assortment of Embroideries cheap.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Since the discovery of Dr. William's Indian Ointment there is certainly no excuse for any one to suffer with the Piles. See advertisement. tf

A lot with good house, barn and outbuildings for rent in Bloomsburg. Apply to Wm. Krickbaum. mar 8 3w*

Admission free at McKinney's.

For a Spring suit made up in city style go to David Lowenberg's.

Marriages.

WINNER—COFFMAN.—On the 7th inst at Bloomsburg by Rev. Stuart Mitchell, David Winner to Sarah A. Coffman, all of Bloomsburg.

Deaths.

KASE.—In Benton on the 5th inst., Mrs. Anna Kase, aged 63 years, 3 months and 12 days.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1 25
Rye "	.70
Corn, new, "	.50
Oats, " "	.32
Flour per barrel	8.00
Cloverseed	
Plaster	1.50
Butter	.25
Eggs	.14
Tallow	.06
Potatoes	.30
Dried Apples	.8
Hams	.12
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Lard per pound	.09
Hay per ton	10.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	2.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 3.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 5.00 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 2.00 "
" Bituminous "	$4 00 "

Priceless Discovery.

A Sure Cure for Piles.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William, (an Indian remedy) called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment supports the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles and nothing else. Thousands of cured patients attest its virtues and physicians of all schools pronounce it the greatest contribution to medicine of the age. It matters not how long or severely you have been suffering, you can be cured.

Mr. Joseph M. Ryder, Cleveland, Ohio, writes: I suffered for years with Itching and Ulcerated Piles, tried remedy after remedy advertised, and consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati, and this city; and spent hundreds of dollars, but found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely. I had a part of the box left which I gave to a friend of mine who had doctored with many physicians, and as a last resort went to the noted Hot Springs, Arkansas, for treatment. He informs me that the Indian Ointment has also cured him of the piles. It is certainly a wonderful discovery, and should be used by the many thousands who are now suffering with that dread disease.

☞ $10,000 Reward will be paid for a more certain remedy. Sold by all Druggists. DR. G. W. FRAZIER, sole proprietor, Cleveland O.

DON'T NEGLECT A COUGH

or Cold, when 25 cents will buy a bottle of Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup at any drug store. It has wrought a complete change in the Cough Medicines, is pleasant as honey and always cures.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

☞ Dr. Frazier's Cough Syrup used in connection with Dr. Frazier's Root Bitters WILL CURE CONSUMPTION.

Standard Steam Laundry, Cleveland, O, Oct, 30, '76.

DR. FRAZIER, Dear Sir: I feel it a duty I owe to suffering humanity to write you. For some time I was sorely afflicted with a cough, raising bad stuff, with every symptom of being a confirmed consumptive. I tried different medicines and cures without finding relief; I also consulted three of our most prominent Cleveland physicians, the last one of which pronounced my case serious, and informed me that I could not live more than a few months. About this time, hearing of your wonderful success, I commenced taking your Syrup in connection with your Root Bitters, and was at once benefited, and after using the medicine some two months I find myself entirely cured. TORRENCE DUNN.

☞ Mr. Dunn again writes, under date of August 4, 1877,—Dr. Frazier, Dear Sir: I can endorse your medicines more strongly than ever from the fact that it is now nearly one year since I was cured. My lungs are to-day strong and sound, having no return of the disease.

☞ The above Medicines speak for themselves. DR. G. W. FRAZIER, Proprietor Cleveland, O.

For Sale by all Druggists.

Dec. 14, 1877-1y

A GENTLE HINT.

In our style of climate, with its sudden changes of temperature,—rain, wind and sunshine often intermingled in a single day,—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglected colds, half the deaths resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Boschee's German Syrup kept about your home for immediate use will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hemorrhage, Pneumonia, Severe Coughs, Croup or any disease of the Throat or Lungs, its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. German Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for trial, 10c; regular size, 75c.

April 27, 77-1y

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

PIANOS Retail price $800 only $260 Parlor Organs, price $375 only $105. Paper free. D. F. BEATTY, Washington, N.J. feb 1, 78-4w d

IF YOU Want a FARM or HOME, with independence and plenty in your old age, THE BEST THING IN THE WEST IS THE ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE R.R. LANDS IN KANSAS. Circulars with Map, giving full information, free. Address A. S. Johnson, Act'g Land Com'r, Topeka, Ks. mar 1-4w d

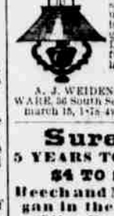
TEMPERANCE REFORM AND ITS GREAT REFORMERS. BY REV. W. H. DANIELS, A. M. Profusely Illustrated with Portraits and Sketches and containing over 600 Pages. ☞ A WHOLE TEMPERANCE LIBRARY IN A SINGLE VOLUME. Agents Wanted Everywhere. Address for extra Terms and Circulars, NELSON & PHILLIPS, 805 Broadway, New York. mar 1-4w d

SWEET JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Chewing Tobacco! Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and flavor, also order of processing and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample free, to G. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

G. F. WARDLE, General Agt., Philadelphia. mar 1, '78 4w d

AGENTS WANTED Everywhere, Instantly! for CONQUEST OF TURKEY!! By the gifted authors, Dr. L. P. Brockett, and Hon. P. C. Bliss. The complete and thrilling history of the fall of an Empire, after 200 years of bitter strife. Graphic descriptions of terrible battles, exciting all Europe. Positively the ablest and cheapest work, only $2.25, but splendidly illustrated. Grandest chance to coin money now offered. For full particulars, address HUBBARD BROS., Phila., Pa., or Samson St., Phila., Pa. d mar 1-4w

CELEBRATED LIBRARY EXTENSION LAMP!



Adapted to any room high or low ceiling. Lowered to table when in use, and raised by merely touching. Perfectly safe from falling. Globe without removing chimney. Quite as convenient as gas, and at ½ the expense. The same extension principle is applied to all our chandeliers not exceeding 6 lights. The advantages are: Increased light with same consumption of oil, by having the light where wanted; safer, cannot be smoked over or upset. The extension machinery is simple, and cannot possibly give way. Cuts of Extension Lamp and Chandeliers of all styles furnished free. We sell all lamps having merit.

A. J. WEIDENER, Dealer in LAMPS and GLASSWARE 36 South Second street, Philadelphia. march 15, 1878-4w

Sure Reward.
5 YEARS TO PAY FOR A FARM.
$4 TO $10 PER ACRE.
Beech and Maple Land in Michigan in the Dillion Acre Grant of the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company.
TITLE PERFECT.
Strong soil—sure crops—plenty of timber—no drought—no chinch bugs—no "hoppers."
RUNNING STREAMS—PURE WATER—READY MARKETS SCHOOLS—RAILROAD COMPLETED THROUGH THE CENTRE OF THE GRANT.
Send for pamphlet, *English or German*
Address W. O. BUCHART, LAND COMMISSIONER, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH. march 15, 1878-4w

$50 For a case of CATARRH That Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh will not instantly relieve and speedily cure. References, Henry Wells, Esq., Wells, Fargo & Co., Auburn, N. Y.; Wm. Bowen, Esq., Mechanic, Grant & Bowen, St. Louis. Testimonials and treatise by mail. Price, with improved Inhaler $1. Sold everywhere. WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass. d

$50

USE THE Wells, Richardson & Co's PERFECTED BUTTER COLOR

PERFECT BUTTER COLOR is recommended by the agricultural press, and used by thousands of the very best dairymen. It gives a perfect June color, and is as harmless as milk. A 25 cent bottle colors 100 pounds, and adds 5 cents per pound to its value. Ask your Druggist or Merchant for it or send for Descriptive circulars. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vermont. march 15, '78-4w d

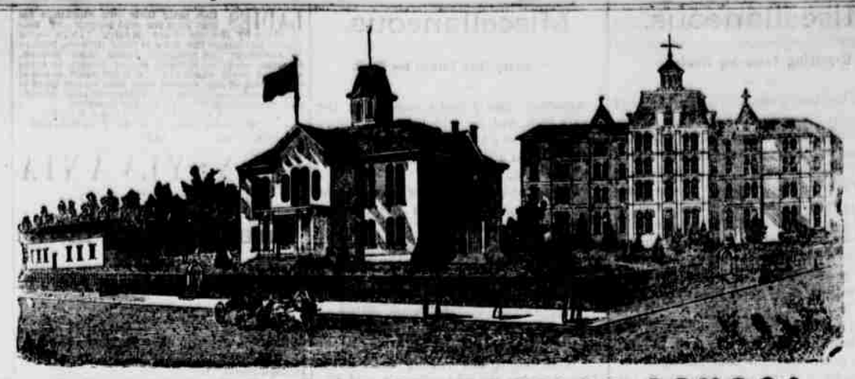
Diphtheria!

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BANGOR, MAINE. march 15, 1878-4w d

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY

LANDS FOR SALE

1,000,000 ACRES in SOUTHWEST MISSOURI from $3.50 to $8.00 an acre. First-class stock and agricultural lands. The best tobacco region in the west. Fine fruit, no grasshoppers, abundance of good water, short winters, convenient markets, good schools, low taxes, healthful country and good society, seven years' credit. Free transportation from St. Louis to those who purchase land. Send for circular and other information. Address W. H. COFFIN, Land Commissioner, Temple Building, St. Louis, Mo. d mar. 15, '78-4w



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV, Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive state Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees; Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of Study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.

Sept. 8, '76.

In the matter of the Estate of Margaret Fortner a lunatic. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county.

{seal} Citation to show cause why certain sale of real estate made by said lunatic should not be rescinded.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

To William Fortner, husband of said Margaret Fortner, William Parker and Mary E. his wife, Prince Lunger and Ann his wife, and William R. Demott, guardian ad litem of Emma Fortner and Clark Fortner:

At the instance of James Masters and Conrad Kreamer, Committee of Margaret Fortner, a lunatic and Aspy J. Layton and Rebecca Layton his wife, representing that on the 10th day of April A. D., 1875 said Margaret Fortner by deed did grant bargain and sell unto the said Rebecca Layton a certain tract of land situate in the township of Madison in said county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania containg forty-nine acres and one hundred and fifty-six perches more or less in fee simple with the appurtenances; And on the said 10th day of April, A. D., 1877, the said Aspy J. Layton and Rebecca his wife by their deed acknowledged the same day, granted, bargained and sold unto the said Margaret Fortner all that certain house and lot of ground situate in the Borough of Muncy, Lycoming county and State of Pennsylvania containg also square feet with the appurtenances in fee simple, the said deeds being made to exchange the said lands. That since the making of said deeds the said Margaret Fortner has been found by inquisition taken on the 15th day of December last a lunatic and to have been a lunatic for 18 years last past without lucid intervals.

Therefore you and each of you laying aside all business and excuses whatsoever, are hereby cited to appear before our Court of Common Pleas at Bloomsburg in and for said county the first Monday of May next to show cause why a decree for the rescinding of the aforesaid deeds and a reconveyance of the said lands should not be made, if such process ought shall not be disadvantageous to the estate of the said Margaret Fortner upon such terms as shall be equitable and just.

Witness the Honorable William Elwell President Judge of our said Court at Bloomsburg, this nineteenth day of February, A. D., 1878.

B. FRANK ZARR, Proth'y.

march 1, '78-4w

BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, POSTERS, &C., &C., Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate!!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrators, &c., of Michael Grover, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, said county, dec'd., will expose to public sale on the premises on

Friday, March 15, 1878,

commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m., a Tract of Land situate in Main township, said county of Columbia, containing

102 ACRES,

more or less, adjoining lands of Aaron Mastetler, Aaron Miller and others, and a public road, whereon are erected a

TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE,

Good Bank Barn, Wagon House and Corn Crib, good out-buildings, good spring and spring house, good water on the premises.

GOOD APPLE ORCHARD,

and other fruit trees—land in a good state of cultivation. A public road runs through the land and one on north side; convenient to school and church.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at confirmation absolute, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. Tenants share of grain in the ground to be reserved. Deed to be delivered at expense of purchaser.

AARON GROVER,
JOSHUA FETTERMAN,
Administrators.

feb. 22, 78-ts

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House at two o'clock p. m., on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1878,

A certain lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, described as follows: bounded northwardly and eastwardly by an alley, southwardly by lot of M. C. Woodward, and westwardly by East street, being 66 feet front and 197 feet deep more or less, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, stable and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution, and to sold as the property of Casper Kressler.

ALSO,

All that certain four tracts of land situate in Beaver

Miscellaneous.

Repairing Township Roads.

A bill has been presented to the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, and reported favorably by the Committee on Agriculture, which provides that the citizens of any township representing at least two-thirds in value of the taxable property of the township, may request the road supervisors to give out at public outcry, to the lowest and best bidder, the making and repairing of the public roads of the township, for a term of three years. When there are not more than twenty miles of road, the whole shall be sold in one lot; where over twenty, in two lots. All new roads shall be let in the same way, with the opening and keeping them in repair until the next letting.

The auditors of the townships shall pay the contractors in monthly instalments; the supervisers are required to inspect the roads twice a month, and report to the auditors; and should the contractors have failed to keep the roads in repair according to their contract, the auditors may decline to make monthly payments until the roads are satisfactorily repaired. In case of a disagreement between the contractors, supervisors and auditors, the contractors may petition the court to appoint viewers to view and report to the court, which then may make such decree as justice requires.

The purchasers of road contracts shall give a bond double the amount of their contracts (security to be approved by the township auditors) to comply with their contracts file the same in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, and have the same approved by the court. In case the lowest bidder fail within five days to give the required security, then the second shall be notified to give it; if he fail, then a re-sale shall be made. The supervisors shall receive not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars salary, to be fixed by the auditors. No supervisor shall be a bidder, or have any interest, directly or indirectly, in any road contract, and no bidder at the regular sale who failed to give security, shall be permitted to bid at a re-sale. Any neglect or violation of duty by supervisor, auditor or contractor is made a misdemeanor, and the offender can be prosecuted and, if convicted, fined not exceeding two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding two months, or both. Each township accepting the provisions of the act shall annually elect only one supervisor. Any supervisor refusing or neglecting to sell the making or repairing of roads can be compelled by mandamus from the Court of Quarter Sessions.

We have given a concise summary of the act, because we deem it a very important change in the laws for keeping the township roads in repair. Some townships have special laws applicable to them for the sale of the repairing of roads, but we believe that this bill, if generally accepted by the taxpayers of the different townships, would give us better roads, at a less cost to the taxpayers. If this act is accepted by a township, the supervisor's duty would be to pass over every road in his township twice every month, and the contractor would give his time to the work he had contracted to do, and with a small force be constantly going over the roads. The supervisor would be paid a small salary, just enough to compensate him for his time. The trouble with the roads now is that they are neglected and allowed to get "bad" before being attended to, while if taken in time the repairing of them would cost less, and they would always be passable, and never really bad. It will be the bounden duty of one man to keep them in repair, and of another to see that it is done, or he will not be paid, and both are liable to be punished for neglecting to perform their respective duties. On the whole we think the bill ought to be passed.—*Ex.*

Mother Shipton's Prophecy.

THE WORLD TO COME TO AN END IN 1881.

Many people take great comfort just now in repeating certain lines of Mother Shipton's Prophecy," said to have been written in 1453:

In twice two hundred year's the Bear
The Crescent shall assail;
But if the Cock and Bull unite,
The Bear shall not prevail.
But look! in twice ten years again—
Let Islam know and fear—
The Cross shall wax, the Crescent wane,
Grow pale and disappear.

"Twice two hundred years" from 1453 brings us to 1853. This was the beginning of the Crimean war. France (the "cock") and England (the "bull") declared war in alliance with Turkey (Islam) against Russia (the "bear") in March, 1854. In 1856 peace was concluded by congress at Paris. "The bear did not prevail." "Twice ten years" from this period brings us to 1876, during which year the disturbances commenced in Herzegovina, Bosnia and Bulgaria, Montenegro and Servia; which finally involved the Porte in war.

This is a good fit so far, but Mother Shipton proceeds to day:

Gold shall be found and grown
In a land that's not yet known.
Fire and water shall wonders do.
England at last shall admit a Jew,
The world to an end shall come
In eighteen hundred and eighty-one

If all this is true, the man elected President in 1880 will hardly get settled in his seat.—*Inter-Ocean.*

"Old Si."

THE OLD GENTLEMAN SPEAKS HIS MIND ABOUT BILL CHANDLER.

Old Si came in yesterday and said, "phe-w!" with the accent heavy on the "ew."

"What is the matter now?"

"Well, I'se had er two day's job dat waz wurse dan plowin' in stumpy lan'!"

"What was that?"

"Well, I's bin reedin' dat letter dat Mister Bill Chan'ler rit'bout de Presidenchil mortgidge!"

"What do you think of it?"

"Well, hit puts me in mind of dem two fellers az stole de ham—least wise, one stole de ham an' gib hit ter de udder!"

"Well, what of that?"

"Why, de one dat got de ham, he eat hit all up!"

"What did the other do?"

"He didn't git none an' he went 'round turnin' State's ebidence on de street corners!"

"Now, how does that apply here?"

"Well, Mister Chan'ler, he went down to Fluridy an' stole Mister Tildin's ham an' gib hit to Mister Hayes."

"Yes?"

"An' Mister Hayes, he tuck an' went up in de White House an' eat up de ham!"

"And where does Chandler come in?"

"Dat's hit! He don't come in at all! Hayes eat de ham, wiped his mouf wid his cote-sleve an' didn't eben greeze Mister Chan'ler's mouf wid de meat-skin—an' dat's what he's howlin' 'bout!"

Miscellaneous.

The Canary that Talked too Much.

Annette's canary-bird's cage, with the canary in it, was brought into the library and hung upon a hook beside the window.

Out popped a mouse from a hole behind the book case.

"Why, what are you here, for canary?" she said. "I thought *your* place was the bay window in the dining-room."

"So it is—so it is!" beginning with a twitter, answered the canary; "but they said I talked too much!"—ending with a trill.

"Talked!" repeated the mouse, sitting up on her hind-legs and looking earnestly at him. "I thought you only sang!"

"Well, singing and talking mean about the same thing in bird-language," said the canary. "But goodness g-r-r-racious!" he went on, swinging rapidly to and fro in his little swing at the top of his cage. "t was they that talked so much—my mistress and the doctor's wife, and the doctor's sister—not me. I said scarcely a word, and yet I am called a chatterbox, and punished—before company, too! I feel mad enough to pull out my yellowest feathers, or upset by bath-tub. Now, you look like a sensible little thing, mouse, and I'll tell you all about it—what they said, what I said—and you shall judge if I deserved to be banished.

"The doctor's wife and the doctor's sister called.

"It's a lovely day!" said they.

"'A lovely, lovely, lovely day!' sang I. "The sun shines bright—the sky is blue—the grass is green—yes, lovely, lovely, lovely—and I'm happy, happy, happy,, and glad, glad, glad!"

"They went right on talking, though I sang my very best, without paying the slightest attention to me; and when I stopped, I caught the words "So sweet" from my mistress, and then I sang again: "Sweet, sweet, sweet, sweet, sweet, sweet, sweet is the clover—sweet is the rose—sweet the song of the bird—sweet the bird—sweet the clover—sweet the rose—the rose—the clover—the bird—yes, yes, yes—sweet, sweet, sweet!" And as I paused to take breath, I heard some one say, "What a noise that bird makes! how loudly he sings!" "How loudly he sings!" repeated I, how loudly he sings!—the bird, the bird, the beautiful bird—sweet, sweet, sweet, sweet ——' But suddenly my song ended, for my mistress got up, unhooked my cage, saying, "Canary, you're a chatterbox; you talk too much," and brought me in here.

"And really, mouse, as you must see, I didn't say more than a dozen or so words. What do you think about it?"

"Well," said the mouse, stroking her whiskers and speaking slowly, "you *didn't say* much, but it strikes me you talked a great deal."

"Oh!" said the canary, putting his head on one side and looking thoughtfully at her out of his right, bright, black, round eye. But just then the mouse heard an approaching footstep, and, without even saying "good-bye," she hurried away to the hole behind the book-case.—*St. Nicholas for March.*

What the Blind See.

Mr. Levy, in his work on "Blindness and the Blind," says: When passing along a street I can distinguish shops from private houses, and even point out the doors, windows, etc., and this whether the doors be shut or open. When a window consists of an entire sheet of glass it is more difficult to discover than one composed of a number of small panes. From this it would seem that glass is a bad conductor of sensation connected with this sense. When objects below the face are perceived the objects seem to come in an oblique line from the objects to the upper part of the face. While walking with a friend in Forest Lane, I said pointing to a fence which separated the road from the field, "Those rails are not quite as high as my shoulder?"

He looked at them and said they were higher. They, however, measured three inches lower than my shoulder. When I made this observation I was about four feet from the rails. Certainly in this instance facial perception was more accurate than sight. When the lower part of the fence is brickwork, and the upper part rails, the fact can be detected, and the line where the two meet easily perceived. Irregularities in height, projections and inundations in walls can also be discovered. A similar sense is found among the animal creation, and especially in bats, which have been known to fly about without striking anything after the cruel experiment had been made of extacting their eyes.—*London Globe.*

The Latest Curiosities.

A fence made from the railings of a scolding wife. A plate of butter from the cream of a joke. The small coins in "the change of the moon." The abrigianal brush used in painting the signs of the times. The latest contract with the trade winds. The chair in which the sun sets. A garment for the naked eye. A buckle to fasten on a laughing stock. The animal that drew the inference. An egg from the nest of thieves. A bucket of water from "All's Well." Soap with which a man was washed overboard. The strop which is used to sharpen the water's edge. A portion of yeast used in raising the wind. The saucer belonging to the cup of sorrow. Hinges and locks for the trunk of an elephant. A feather from the wings of a flying report.

Anecdote of Lincoln.

"One day," said Mr. Lincoln, "when I first got here, I got into a fit of musing in my room, and stood resting my elbows on the bureau. Looking into the glass it struck me what an awful ugly man I was. The fact grew on me and I made up my mind that I must be the ugliest man in the world. It so maddened me that I resolved, should I ever see an uglier man I would shoot him at sight. Not long after this Andy —" naming a lawyer present) "came to town, and the first time I saw him I said to myself, 'There's the man.' I went home, took down my gun, and prowled around the streets waiting for him. He soon came along. 'Halt, Andy,' said I, pointing my gun at him. 'Say your prayers, for I'm going to shoot you.'

"'Why, Mr. Lincoln, what's the matter? what have I done?"

"Well, I made an oath that if I ever saw a man uglier than I am, I'd shoot him on the spot. You *are* uglier sure; so make ready to die.'

"'Mr. Lincoln, do you really think I am uglier than you?"

"'Yes.'

"'Well, Mr. Lincoln,' replied Andy deliberately, and looking me squarely in the face, 'if I *am* any uglier, *fire away!*'—*Editor's Drawer in Harper's Magazine for December.*

Subscribe for THE COLUMBIAN the largest and best paper in the County.

LADIES can color their own Stockings for less than one cent per pair ANY COLOR DESIRED by the use of our "MAGIC TINTS"—Can renew or change the color of their dresses, restore to freshness and brilliancy faded Silks, Merinos, Alpacas, Neckties, Ribbons, &c., or impart to them new and lovely shades—Little trouble and nominal cost—Stick of any desired color sent on receipt of 10 cents, 3 different colors 25c. Postage stamps accepted. Send stamp for circulars and samples.
KEARNEY CHEMICAL WORKS,
66 Cortlandt st., N. York. P. O. Box, 5189.
dec. 14, '77-3m jw&co

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
GREAT TRUNK LINE
AND
UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

The attention of the travelling public is respectfully invited to some of the merits of this great highway, in the confident assertion and belief that no other line can offer equal inducements as a route of through travel, in

Construction and Equipment
THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

stands confessedly at the head of American railways. The track is double the entire length of the line, of steel rails laid on heavy oak ties, which are embedded in a foundation of rock ballast eighteen inches in depth. All bridges are of iron or stone, and built upon the most approved plans. Its passenger cars, while eminently safe and substantial, are at the same time models of comfort and elegance.

THE SAFETY APPLIANCES

in use on this line well illustrate the far-seeing and liberal policy of its management, in accordance with which the utility only of an improvement and not its cost has been the question of consideration. Among many may be noticed

THE BLOCK SYSTEM OF SAFETY SIGNALS,
JANNEY COUPLER, BUFFER and PLATFORM,
THE WHARTON PATENT SWITCH,
AND THE
WESTINGHOUSE AIR-BRAKE,

forming in conjunction with a perfect double track and road-bed a combination of safeguards against accidents which have rendered them practically impossible.

Pullman Palace Cars

are run on all Express Trains
From New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington,
To Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis,
WITHOUT CHANGE.

and to all principal points in the far West and South with but one change of cars. Connections are made in Union Depots, and are assured to all important points.

THE SCENERY
OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE

is admitted to be unsurpassed in the world for grandeur, beauty and variety. Superior refreshment facilities are provided. Employees are courteous and attentive, and it is an inevitable result that a trip by the Pennsylvania Railroad must form

A Pleasing and Memorable Experience.

Tickets for sale at the lowest rates at the Ticket Offices of the Company in all important cities and towns.

FRANK THOMPSON, General Manager. L. P. FARMER, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. K. SHOEMAKER, Pass. Agent Middle Dist., 12 North Third Street, Harrisburg, P.
feb 1, 78-1y

1878
The Four Quarterly Reviews
AND
Blackwood's Magazine
The Leonard Scott Publishing Co.
41 Barclay St., New York.

Continue their authorized Reprints of
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig,)
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Liberal),
THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW (Conservative),
THE BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEW (Evangelical),
AND
Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine.

☞ These Reprints are not selections; they give the originals in full, and at about one-third the price of the English editions.

The latest advances and discoveries in the arts and sciences, the recent additions to knowledge in every department of literature, and all the new publications as they issue from the press, are fully reported and discussed in the pages of these periodicals, in language at once clear, forcible and comprehensive. The articles are commonly more condensed and full of matter than the average books of the period.

Terms for 1878 including postage
Payable Strictly in Advance.

For any one Review	$4 00	per annum
For any two Reviews	7 00	" "
For any three Reviews	10 00	" "
For all four Reviews	12 00	" "
For Blackwood's Magazine	4 00	" "
For Blackwood and one Review	7 00	" "
For Blackwood and two Reviews	10 00	" "
For Blackwood and three Reviews	13 00	" "
For Blackwood and four Reviews	15 00	" "

CLUBS.

A discount of twenty per per cent. will be allowed to clubs of four or more persons. Thus: four copies of Blackwood or of one Review will be sent to one address for $12 80, four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $48, and so on.

To clubs of ten or more, in addition to the above discount, a copy gratis will be allowed to the getter up of the club.

PREMIUMS.

New subscribers (applying early) for the year 1878 may have, without charge, the numbers for the last quarter of 1877 of such periodicals as they subscribe for.

Or instead, new subscribers to any two, three, or four of the above periodicals, may have one of the "Four Reviews" for 1877; subscribers to all five may have two of the "Four Reviews" or one set of Blackwood's Magazine for 1877.

Neither premiums to subscribers nor discount to clubs can be allowed, unless the money is remitted direct to the publishers. No premiums given to clubs.

To secure premiums it will be necessary to make early application, as the stock available for that purpose is limited.

The Leonard Scott Publishing Co.,
41 BARCLAY ST., NEW YORK,
feb 1, 1878.

THOMAS B. HARTMAN. ALBERT HARTMAN.

HARTMAN BROS.,
DEALERS IN
TEAS, CANNED FRUIT,
CIGARS,
TOBACCO.
SNUFF,
CONFECTIONERY.

Spices of all kinds, Glass & Queensw

FINE GROCERIES,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
AND GENERAL LINE OF
Family Provisions

Russell's Old Stand,
RUPERT BLOCK,
4th door below Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Goods delivered to all parts of the town
April 27, '77-tf

THIS PAPER IS KEPT ON FILE AT THE OFFICE OF,
N. W. AYER & SON ADVERTISING AGENTS,
733 Sansom St., PHILADELPHIA,
Who are our authorized agents, and will receive Advertisements at our LOWEST CASH RATES.

HALE'S
HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR
FOR THE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, and all Affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, and Lungs, leading to Consumption.

This infallible remedy is composed of the HONEY of the plant Horehound, in chemical union with TAR-BALM, extracted from the LIFE PRINCIPLE of the forest tree ABIES BALSAMEA, or Balm of Gilead.

The Honey of Horehound SOOTHES AND SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar-balm CLEANSES AND HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action. Let no prejudice keep you from trying this great medicine of a famous doctor who has saved thousands of lives by it in his large private practice.

N.B.—The Tar-Balm has NO BAD TASTE or smell.

PRICES 50 CENTS AND $1 PER BOTTLE.
Great saving to buy large size.
"Pike's Toothache Drops" Cure in 1 Minute.
Sold by all Druggists.
C. N. CRITTENTON, Prop., N.Y.
December 14, 1877-1y

THE NEEDHAM
Musical Cabinet

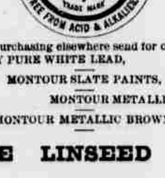
PRICE, $50. DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULARS FREE.

THIS new and wonderful Instrument enables any one, whether understanding music or not, to play any desired melody or harmony, sacred or secular, from the most plaintive dirge to the most lively dance music. It possesses a mechanism of marvelous simplicity, requiring but the intelligence of a child to manipulate, yet capable of reproducing, without limitation, the musical compositions of the PAST, PRESENT and FUTURE. The execution is faultless, strict in melody, harmony and rhythm, and the instrument is eminently adapted for Sunday Schools, prayer and revival meetings, home devotional exercises, and in all cases where good, correct music is required, and no musician is at hand to perform. Address,

B. P. NEEDHAM & SON,
MANUFACTURERS,
143, 145 & 147 E. 23d St., New York.
Nov. 16, '77—4m.

A New Departure
From the Manufacturer to the Consumer.

For CASH we will sell to the CONSUMER in Such Quantities as he may Need at MANUFACTURER'S PRICES and thus save a
MIDDLE PROFIT
to the Consumer.



Before purchasing elsewhere send for our prices of STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD,
MONTOUR SLATE PAINTS,
MONTOUR METALLIC WHITE,
MONTOUR METALLIC BROWN,
PURE LINSEED OIL
BEST JAPAN DRYER.
Best Paint Brushes,
VARNISH, ALL KINDS,
SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE,
LINSEED OIL PUTTY.

Sample cards and price list furnished without charge.

Orders and inquiries by mail will receive prompt attention.

HENRY S. REAY,
RUPERT, PA.
May 5, 76.-1y.

Steel and Iron

Triple Flange
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF
SAFES;
Patent Inside Bolt Work and Hinged Cap.
NO SAFE COMPLETE WITHOUT IT!!
W. H. TERWILLIGER,
No. 54 Maiden Lane,
Near William St., NEW YORK.
dec. 7, 1877-1y

GOLD. Great chance to make money. If you can get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person everywhere to take subscriptions to the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $100 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote any time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. aug. 16, '77-1y

Spring Goods! Sring Goods!
DAVID LOWENBERG!

Begs leave to inform his customers and the public that his stock is now replete with all the Novelties for Spring and Summer Wear, consisting of new and beautiful styles of

ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND DOMESTIC GOODS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

any of which he is prepared to make up in the latest style.

Ready-made clothing cheaper than ever.
Cheap Suits for men, Cheap suits for Youths, for Boys—for Children.

all of the best make and at the lowest prices.
Just received a full line of all the latest styles in color and quality of

HATS, HATS, HATS,
For Men, for Youths, for Boys Cheaper than Ever.
A FULL LINE OF THE CELEBRATED
PEARL SHIRT!
For Men and Boys. Sold only by
DAVID LOWENBERG,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

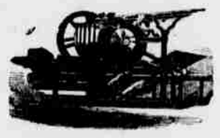
ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.
Then Buy N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO.
CHEMICAL PAINT,

and save one-third the cost of painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer, and will LAST TWICE AS LONG AS ANY OTHER PAINT.

Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years, and now look as well as when first painted CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First PREMIUMS at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 178 Prince street, N. Y., or HENRY L. LOEB & SON, Agents 1221, Market street, Philadelphia, Pa. July 27, '77-1y

J. H. MAIZE'S
Mammoth Grocery, corner of Main and Centre streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
IS THE PLACE TO GET THE WORTH OF YOUR MONEY IN THE FINEST AND FRESHEST OF
Fancy Imported and Domestic Staple Groceries of Every Description,
Queensware, Glassware, Wood and Willowware,
Flour and Feed, Tobacco and Cigars,
AT BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH,
OR NICE FRESH PRODUCE.
Jan 1, 1877.

The Columbian



IS THE
LARGEST NEWSPAPER
AND HAS THE
Largest Circulation
OF ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN COLUMBIA COUNTY.
Terms $2.00 a Year.
Country Produce taken on Subscriptin.

THE DIFFERENT STYLES OF TYPE IN THIS PAPER
ARE ONLY
A SMALL SAMPLE
OF THE INNUMERABLE
Variety of Job Letters
AND MATERIAL
In the Columbian Office.

All kinds of Plain and Fancy Printing done on short notice and at low rates.

OFFICE NORTH SIDE OF THE COURT HOUSE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

AT PRIVATE SALE,
The Willow Vale Estate!

A Valuable property, lying in Franklin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, on the east branch of Roaringcreek. It consists of a beautiful farm of about
120 ACRES,
on which are erected a commodious and comfortable Dwelling House, a large Bank Barn, Cider Press, and all necessary out-buildings. It has growing upon it abundance of excellent fruit, has a well of water at both the dwelling house and barn, and is convenient of access by public roads.

'OSTLY

Adjoining and being a part of the same, but will be sold separately if desired, about five acres of the above lands, whereon are erected a large
CUSTOM, GRIST AND FLOURING MILL,
with four run of stone, a Dwelling House, a Saw Mill, a Dry Goods Store and Dwelling House, and other improvements, together with the water-power and appurtenances thereto.

The Willowvale Post Office
is on the premises. It is within easy reach of Catawissa, Centralia, Ashland, Mount Carmel and other mining towns for market purposes.

The property is bounded by lands of Munson, and Artley, and Sheets, and D. Hower and others. The two described properties will be sold separately or together to suit purchasers. For terms apply to Silas Mendenhall, E. R. Drinker or John G. Freeze, at Bloomsburg, Penn's. feb. 8, '78-tf

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHELSMAN Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, Mo.

PAINTING,
GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of
PAINTING,
GLAZING,
and
PAPER HANGING.
in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money calling on me.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited
WM. F. BODINE.
March6'74

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use
WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 50 N. 4th st., Phila.

DOCTOR PIERCE'S
ALTERATIVE
Golden Medical Discovery

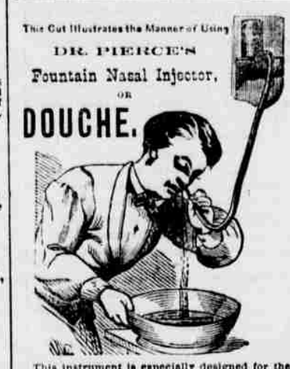
CURES DISEASES OF THE
THROAT, LUNGS, LIVER & BLOOD

In the wonderful medicine to which the afflicted are above directed for relief, the discoverer believes he has contained in harmony more of Nature's sovereign curative properties, which God has instilled into the vegetable kingdom for healing the sick, than were ever before combined in one medicine. The evidence of this fact is found in the great variety of most obstinate diseases which it has been found to conquer. In the case of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs,** and the early stages of **Consumption,** it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system and **purifies the blood.** By its great and thorough blood-purifying properties, it cures all **Humors,** from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch, Pimple,** or **Eruption.** Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. **Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin,** in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from **Torpid Liver,** or **"Biliousness."** In many cases of **"Liver Complaint"** only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect cures, leaving the liver strengthened and healthy.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AT $1 PER BOTTLE.

Prepared by R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Sole Proprietor, at the WORLD'S DISPENSARY, Buffalo, N. Y.
sep. 28, '77-1f



This Cut Illustrates the Manner of Using
DR. PIERCE'S
Fountain Nasal Injector,
OR
DOUCHE.

This instrument is especially designed for the perfect application of
DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY.

It is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried *high up* and *perfectly applied* to all parts of the affected nasal passages, and the chambers or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhal discharge generally proceeds. The want of success in treating Catarrh heretofore has arisen largely from the impossibility of applying remedies to these cavities and chambers by any of the ordinary methods. This obstacle in the way of effecting cures is entirely overcome by the invention of the Douche. Its use is pleasant and so simple that a child can understand it. **Full and explicit directions** accompany each instrument. When used with this instrument, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures recent attacks of **"Cold in the Head"** by a few applications.

CATARRH

SYMPTOMS—Frequent headache, discharge falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, thick mucus, purulent, offensive, etc. In others, a dryness, dry, watery, weak, or inflamed eyes, stopping up, or obstruction, of nasal passages, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, voice altered, nasal twang, offensive breath, impaired or total deprivation of sense of smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, loss of appetite, indigestion, enlarged tonsils, tickling cough, etc. Only a few of these symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time.

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, when used with **Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche,** and accompanied with the constitutional treatment which is recommended in the pamphlet that wraps each bottle of the Remedy, is a perfect specific for this loathsome disease. It is mild and pleasant to use, containing no strong or caustic drugs or poisons. The Catarrh Remedy is sold at 50 cents, Douche at 50 cents, **by all Druggists.**

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
sep. 28, '77-tf

DOMESTIC

The Lightest Running,
The Simplest,
The Most Durable,
The Most Popular
OF
SEWING MACHINES.

It is easily understood, *makes the* double-thread lock-stitch, *has* self-regulating tensions *and* take-up, *and will do the* whole *range of family work* without change.

The "Domestic" *is made in the most durable manner, with conical steel bearings and compensating journals throughout.*

DOMESTIC
PAPER FASHIONS.

These popular PATTERNS *for ladies', misses', and children's dress, are cut on a* system superior *to any in use, and can be understood by any one. Full* directions *and illustrations on each envelope.*

Send Five Cents for illustrated Catalogue of 1000 *Fashions.*

DOMESTIC
Sewing Machine Co., New York.
I. W. HARTMAN,
Agent "Domestic" Paper Fashions
Bloomsburg.
December 14, 1877-1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF THOMAS KRESSLER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Thomas Kressler late of Scott township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator of Bloomsburg. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Administrators without delay.

JAMES KRESSLER,
WILLIAM KRESSLER,
Administrators.
Jan. 25, '78-6w

WISTAR'S BALSAM
WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF
WILD CHERRY
WILD CHERRY
CURES
Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Diphtheria, Croup, Pain in the side and Breast, Spitting Blood, Quinsy, Phthisic, and every Affection,
OF THE
THROAT, LUNGS AND CHEST,
INCLUDING EVEN
CONSUMPTION.

FROM ELDER H. L. GILMAN, A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL IN GLOVER, VT.

"I have been troubled for several years with a difficulty of the heart and lungs; have applied to several physicians for help, and have tried almost every remedy recommended, without receiving any assistance, but had been growing weaker and weaker, until, hearing of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry about a year since, I commenced using it with immediate relief. It has not only restored my lungs to a sound state, but I am entirely relieved of the difficulty or disease of the heart. I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best lung medicine before the public, and I cheerfully and conscientiously recommend it to all persons suffering with pulmonary complaints."

Wistar's Balsam
Wistar's Balsam
of Wild Cherry.
of Wild Cherry.

FROM MRS. ISAAC MOORE, OF RICHMOND, VT.

"Some three years since I was attacked with a severe cough, soreness and irritation of the lungs, to which was added asthma in a severe form. During the first year I tried several of the most popular medicines of the day, but received no real relief, and I had almost despaired of ever regaining my health when I was induced to try Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, which very soon relieved me. My cough became loose, the soreness and irritation disappeared, and my general health began to mend. I continued its use and a few bottles restored me to better health than I ever hoped to enjoy again. I believe the Balsam to be the most reliable remedy that can be found."

Wistar's Balsam
Wistar's Balsam
of Wild Cherry.
of Wild Cherry.

FROM BENJAMIN WHEELER, STATION AGENT AT SOUTH ROYALSTON, MASS.

"I was most severely afflicted with a hard, dry cough with its usual accompaniment of night sweats completely prostrating my nervous system, and prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of Health that, after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon, through the influence of a neighbor, to try Wistar's Balsam, though with no belief whatever in its truly wonderful curative properties, and before using two bottles the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elevated my depressed spirits, and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor. Thus has this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts in this vicinity, literally snatched me from the grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted."

Wistar's Balsam
Wistar's Balsam
of Wild Cherry.
of Wild Cherry.

Is prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, 86 Harrison avenue, Boston, Mass. Sold by dealers generally. 50 cts. and $1 a bottle. march

Dr. A. G. OLIN'S Private Hospital, 37 East Washington Pl., Chicago, Ill., for the cure of all Diseases of a Private nature, resulting from early abuses or infection of either sex. Seminal Weakness producing Emissions, Loss of Memory, Impaired Sight, Lost Manhood or Impotency, Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa, Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Liver, Lungs, Asthma, Catarrh, Piles, all Chronic Diseases, and DISEASES OF FEMALES, which will be treated by the most successful Dr. He has had a life-long experience, and cures when others fail. He is a graduate of the Edinburgh School, and has no concern, for the largest practice in the U. S. LADIES requiring treatment will be private home and board, call or write. Every convenience for patients. Send fifty cents for sample of Rubber Goods and circular of important information by express. DR. OLIN'S Female Pills, $5 per Box. Consultation free.

MARRIAGE GUIDE 275 pages. Secrets & Mysteries. Information for the young and middle aged of both sexes, on all diseases of a private nature. Valuable information for those contemplating marriage. How to be healthy and happy and how to be married rightly. Everybody should get this book. Price 50 cents, to any address, sealed.
aug. 17, '77-1y R & C

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD
ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
May 21, 1876.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,33 a. m

For Catawissa, 11,33 a. m. 5,47 and 7,36 p. m.

For Williamsport, 6,28 6,34 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8,45 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,30 a. m., Pottsville, 12,15 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,25 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,20 6,25 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 9,20 a.m, 12,00 m. and 5,00 p. m
Passengers arrive and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager.
C. G. HANCOCK, General Ticket Agent.
Jan. 14, 1876—tf.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 26th, 1877, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail	5.20 a. m.,	arrive Elmira ..... 11 . '
"		Canandaigua .... 3.35 p. m
"		Rochester ..... 5.15 "
"		Niagara ..... 9 40 "
Renovo accommodation	11.10 a. m.	arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.
Elmira Mail	4.15 a. m.,	arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.
Buffalo Express	7.15 a. m.	arrive Buffalo 8.50 a. m

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express	2.50 a. m.	arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a. m
"		" Baltimore 8.40 "
Elmira Mail	11.15 a. m.,	arrive Harrisburg 1.55 p. m
"		" Washington 10.30 "
"		" Baltimore 6.30 "
"		" Washington 8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation	8.40 p. m.	arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m,
"		arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m
"		" Washington 6.15 "
Erie Mail	12.55 a. m.	arrive Harrisburg 3.05 a. m
"		" Baltimore 8.40 "
"		" Washington 10.35 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agen
A. J. CASSATT, General Manage

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG